



OXFAM

DEVELOPMENT
PATHWAYS

Database of low- and middle-income countries

This database includes a review of the COVID-19-related social assistance schemes in low- and middle-income countries. The conclusions of this research can be found in the Oxfam report *Shelter Index*

[Database of low- and middle-income countries' COVID-19 social protection schemes](#)

[Coverage of low- and middle-income countries' COVID-19 social protection schemes](#)

[Duration of the schemes' support](#)

[Transfer value as 2019 GDP per capita](#)

[Level of investment in social protection emergency response in low- and middle-income countries](#)

[Investment by financing method](#)

[Employment-related schemes created or improved as a response to COVID-19](#)

[Old-age benefits increased or expanded as a response to COVID-19](#)

[Schemes specifically for children or families with children](#)

[Methodology](#)

'ies' COVID-19 social protection responses

ce efforts undertaken by 126 low-and middle-income countries.

er from the Storm: The global need for universal social protection in times of COVID-19.

[on responses](#)

[on responses](#)

[middle-income countries as a % of 2019 GDP](#)

[VID \(i.e. for those who have lost income or jobs, or are unemployed graduates in both th](#)

re formal and informal sectors)

Database of low- and middle-income countries

Income level of country	Country
	Albania
Upper middle-income	Albania
Upper middle-income	Albania
Upper middle-income	Albania
Upper middle-income	Albania
	Armenia
Upper middle-income	Armenia
Upper middle-income	Armenia
Upper middle-income	Armenia

Upper middle-income	Armenia
Upper middle-income	Armenia
Upper middle-income	Armenia
Upper middle-income	Armenia
	Afghanistan
Low-income	Afghanistan
	Algeria
Upper middle-income	Algeria
Upper middle-income	Algeria
	Angola
Lower middle-income	Angola
	Argentina
Upper middle-income	Argentina
Upper middle-income	Argentina
Upper middle-income	Argentina
Upper middle-income	Argentina
Upper middle-income	Argentina
Upper middle-income	Argentina
	Azerbaijan
Upper middle-income	Azerbaijan
Upper middle-income	Azerbaijan
	Bangladesh
Lower middle-income	Bangladesh
Lower middle-income	Bangladesh

Lower middle-income	Bangladesh
Lower middle-income	Bangladesh
Lower middle-income	Bangladesh
Lower middle-income	Bangladesh
	Belarus
Upper middle-income	Belarus
	Belize
Upper middle-income	Belize
Upper middle-income	Belize
	Benin
Low-income	Benin
	Bhutan
	Bhutan
	Bolivia
Lower middle-income	Bolivia

Lower middle-income	Bolivia
Lower middle-income	Bolivia
	Bosnia and Herzegovina
Upper middle-income	Bosnia and Herzegovina
Upper middle-income	Bosnia and Herzegovina
	Botswana
Upper middle-income	Botswana
	Burkina Faso
Low-income	Burkina Faso
	Burundi
Low-income	Burundi
	Cabo Verde
Lower middle-income	Cabo Verde
	Cambodia
Lower middle-income	Cambodia
Lower middle-income	Cambodia
	Cameroon
	Cameroon
	Central African Republic
Low-income	Central African Republic
	Chad
Low-income	Chad
	Chile

High-income	Chile
	China
Upper middle-income	China
Upper middle-income	China
Upper middle-income	China
Upper middle-income	China
	Colombia
Upper middle-income	Colombia
Upper middle-income	Colombia
Upper middle-income	Colombia
Upper middle-income	Colombia
Upper middle-income	Colombia
Upper middle-income	Colombia
Upper middle-income	Colombia
	Comoros
Lower middle-income	Comoros
	Congo, Democratic
Low-income	Congo, Democratic Republic
	Congo, Republic
Lower middle-income	Congo, Republic
	Costa Rica

Upper middle-income	Costa Rica
Upper middle-income	Costa Rica
	Côte d'Ivoire
Lower middle-income	Côte d'Ivoire
	Cuba
Low-income	Cuba
	Djibouti
Lower middle-income	Djibouti
	Dominica
Upper middle-income	Dominica
Upper middle-income	Dominica
	Dominican Republic
Upper middle-income	Dominican Republic
Upper middle-income	Dominican Republic
	Ecuador
Upper middle-income	Ecuador
	Egypt
Lower middle-income	Egypt
Lower middle-income	Egypt

Lower middle-income	Egypt
Lower middle-income	Egypt
	El Salvador
Lower middle-income	El Salvador
	Ethiopia
Low-income	Ethiopia
Low-income	Ethiopia
	Eritrea
Lower middle-income	Eritrea
	Eswatini
Low-income	Eswatini
	Equatorial Guinea
Upper middle-income	Equatorial Guinea
	Fiji
Upper middle-income	Fiji
Upper middle-income	Fiji
	Gabon
Upper middle-income	Gabon
	The Gambia
Low-income	The Gambia
	Georgia
Upper middle-income	Georgia
Upper middle-income	Georgia
Upper middle-income	Georgia
Upper middle-income	Georgia
Upper middle-income	Georgia

	Grenada
Upper middle-income	Grenada
	Guatemala
Upper middle-income	Guatemala
	Guineau
Low-income	Guineau
	Guineau-Bissau
Low-income	Guineau-Bissau
	Guyana
Upper middle-income	Guyana
	Haiti
Low-income	Haiti
	Honduras
Lower middle-income	Honduras
	India
Lower middle-income	India
Lower middle-income	India
Lower middle-income	India
Lower middle-income	India
	Indonesia
Upper middle-income	Indonesia
Upper middle-income	Indonesia
Upper middle-income	Indonesia

Upper middle-income	Indonesia
Upper middle-income	Indonesia
	Iran
Upper middle-income	Iran
	Iraq
Upper middle-income	Iraq
	Jamaica
Upper middle-income	Jamaica
Upper middle-income	Jamaica
Upper middle-income	Jamaica
Upper middle-income	Jamaica
	Jordan
Upper middle-income	Jordan
Upper middle-income	Jordan

Upper middle-income	Jordan
	Kazakhstan
Upper middle-income	Kazakhstan
	Kenya
Lower middle-income	Kenya
Lower middle-income	Kenya
Gentilini (10 July, 2020) also notes that the NSNP will be extended 3 millio	
	Kosovo
Upper middle-income	Kosovo
	Kyrgyz Republic
Lower middle-income	Kyrgyz Republic
	Lao PDR
Lower middle-income	Lao PDR
	Lebanon
Upper middle-income	Lebanon
	Lesotho
Lower middle-income	Lesotho
Lower middle-income	Lesotho
Lower middle-income	Lesotho
	Liberia
Low-income	Liberia
Low-income	Liberia
	Madagascar
Low-income	Madagascar
	Malaysia

Upper middle-income	Malaysia
Upper middle-income	Malaysia
Upper middle-income	Malaysia
Upper middle-income	Malaysia
Upper middle-income	Malaysia
Upper middle-income	Malaysia
Upper middle-income	Malaysia
	Maldives
Upper middle-income	Maldives
	Malawi
Low-income	Malawi
	Mali
Low-income	Mali
	Marshall Islands
Upper middle-income	Marshall Islands
	Mauritania

Lower middle-income	Mauritania
	Mexico
Upper middle-income	Mexico
	Micronesia
Lower middle-income	Micronesia
	Moldova
Lower middle-income	Moldova
Lower middle-income	Moldova
Lower middle-income	Moldova
	Mongolia
Lower middle-income	Mongolia
Lower middle-income	Mongolia
	Montenegro
Upper middle-income	Montenegro
Upper middle-income	Montenegro
Upper middle-income	Montenegro
	Morocco
Lower middle-income	Morocco
	Mozambique
Low-income	Mozambique
	Myanmar
Lower middle-income	Myanmar
Lower middle-income	Myanmar
Lower middle-income	Myanmar
	Namibia
Low-income	Namibia
	Nauru
Upper middle-income	Nauru
	Nepal
Lower middle-income	Nepal
	Nicaragua
Lower middle-income	Nicaragua

	Niger
Low-income	Niger
	Nigeria
Lower middle-income	Nigeria
Lower middle-income	Nigeria
	Niue
Upper middle-income	Niue
	North Korea
Low-income	North Korea
	North Macedonia
Upper middle-income	North Macedonia
	Pakistan
Lower middle-income	Pakistan
	Papa New Guinea
Lower middle-income	Papa New Guinea
	Paraguay
Upper middle-income	Paraguay
Upper middle-income	Paraguay
	Peru

Upper middle-income	Peru
Upper middle-income	Peru
Upper middle-income	Peru
Upper middle-income	Peru
	Phillipines
Lower middle-income	Phillipines
Lower middle-income	Phillipines
	Rwanda
Low-income	Rwanda
	Saint Lucia
Upper middle-income	Saint Lucia
Upper middle-income	Saint Lucia
Upper middle-income	Saint Lucia
Upper middle-income	Saint Lucia
	Saint Vincent and t
Upper middle-income	Saint Vincent and the Grenadines

	Samoa
Upper middle-income	Samoa
	Senegal
Lower middle-income	Senegal
	Serbia
Upper middle-income	Serbia
	Sierra Leone
Low-income	Sierra Leone
Low-income	Sierra Leone
	Somalia
Low-income	Somalia
	South Africa
Upper middle-income	South Africa
Upper middle-income	South Africa
Upper middle-income	South Africa
Upper middle-income	South Africa
Upper middle-income	South Africa
	South Sudan

Low-income	South Sudan
	Sri Lanka
Upper middle-income	Sri Lanka
Upper middle-income	Sri Lanka
Upper middle-income	Sri Lanka
Upper middle-income	Sri Lanka
Upper middle-income	Sri Lanka
Upper middle-income	Sri Lanka
Upper middle-income	Sri Lanka
	Sudan
Low-income	Sudan
	Suriname
Upper middle-income	Suriname
Upper middle-income	Suriname
Upper middle-income	Suriname
Upper middle-income	Suriname
Upper middle-income	Suriname
Upper middle-income	Suriname
Upper middle-income	Suriname
	Syrian Arab Republ
Low-income	Syrian Arab Republic
	Tajikistan

Low-income	Tajikistan
	Tanzania
Low-income	Tanzania
	Thailand
Upper middle-income	Thailand
Upper middle-income	Thailand
	Timor Leste
Lower middle-income	Timor Leste
Lower middle-income	Timor Leste
	Tonga
	Tonga
	Trinidad and Tobago
High-income	Trinidad and Tobago
High-income	Trinidad and Tobago
High-income	Trinidad and Tobago
High-income	Trinidad and Tobago
High-income	Trinidad and Tobago
	Tunisia
Lower middle-income	Tunisia
Lower middle-income	Tunisia

Lower middle-income	Tunisia
Lower middle-income	Tunisia
Lower middle-income	Tunisia
	Turkey
Upper middle-income	Turkey
Upper middle-income	Turkey
	Uganda
Low-income	Uganda
	Ukraine
Lower middle-income	Ukraine
Lower middle-income	Ukraine
	Uzbekistan
Lower middle-income	Uzbekistan
Lower middle-income	Uzbekistan
Lower middle-income	Uzbekistan
	Venezuela
Upper middle-income	Venezuela

	Vietnam
Lower middle-income	Vietnam
	West Bank and Gaz
Lower middle-income	West Bank and Gaza
	Yemen
Low-income	Yemen
	Zimbabwe
Lower middle-income	Zimbabwe

es' COVID-19 social protection responses

Name of programme introduced or expanded under COVID-19	New programme or expansion of existing programme
<i>Ndihma Economike</i>	Vertical expansion in transfer value of existing programme
Financial support to employees of small businesses	New programme
Financial support to employees of closed businesses	New programme
Financial support to employees who have not received assistance	New programme
Family Benefit Program	Horizontal expansion of existing programme
Family Benefit Program	Additional payment under existing programme
Payment to families with children under 14 years	New programme

Payment to families with children 0-18 years	New programme
Unemployment benefit to persons in formal employment	New programme
Payment to unemployed pregnant women	New programme
Payment to employees in affected sectors	New programme
No cash-based emergency social protection programme recorded.	
Solidarity allowance for Ramadan	New programme
Financial aid for small trader professionals	New programme
Luanda Emergência COVID-19	New programme
Universal Child Allowance / Universal Pregnancy Allowance	Additional payment under existing programme
Emergency Family Income	New programme
Extraordinary bonus	New programme
Social Pension	New programme for existing recipients of non-contributory pensions
Wage subsidy	As part of the Emergency Assistance Pr
Unemployment payment	New programme
Targeted state social assistance	Horizontal expansion of existing programme
Primary Education Development Program 4	Additional payment under existing programme
Primary Education Development Program 4	Top up' under existing programme

Direct transfer to working households	New programme
Old Age Allowance	Horizontal expansion of existing programme to additional recipients in 100 upazilas
Allowance for Widowed, Deserted and Destitute Women	Horizontal expansion of existing programme to additional recipients in 100 upazilas
Allowance for the Financially Insolvent Disabled	Horizontal expansion of existing programme to additional recipients in 100 upazilas
Belarus has introduced a programme called "Financial Incentives for Staff Members exposed to infectious persons in their place of work"	
BOOST	Vertical expansion in transfer value of existing programme
Unemployment Relief Program	New programme
Support to artisans and small traders	New programme
Druk Gyalpo's Relief Kidu	New programme
<i>Bono Familia</i>	Additional payment under existing programme (<i>Bono Juancito Pinto</i>) but eligibility has been expanded to include private school attendees

<i>Bono Canastar Familiar</i>	New programme - payment to existinf beneficiaries of Renta Digidad, voucher for mothers with young children and Solidarity Income for PwDs
<i>Bono Universal</i>	New programme
ovina	
Unemployment Benefits	New programme
Individual local governments are providing significant sums to assist the elderly and	
Covid-19 Wage Support Scheme	New programme
Informal worker cash transfer	New programme
No cash-based emergency social protection programme recorded.	
Support for entrepreneurs and the self-employed	New programme
COVID-19 Cash Transfer Programme for ID-Poor Households	New programme
Garment, tourism and aviation worker payment	New programme
The Government have increased the monthly Family Allowance from CFAF 2,800 to	
public	
No cash-based emergency social protection programme recorded.	
No cash-based emergency social protection programme recorded.	

<i>Ingreso Familiar de Emergencia</i>	New programme
Payment to migrants in Wuhan	New programme
Minimum Living Standard Scheme (<i>Dibao</i>)	Vertical and horizontal expansion of existing programmes
Unemployment social assistance assistance	New programme
<i>Familias en Acción</i>	Vertical expansion of existing programme -- additional transfer
<i>Jóvenes en Acción</i>	Vertical expansion of existing programme -- additional transfer
VAT Refund to the Poor	New programme
Solidarity income	New programme
Bogotá Solidaria en Case	New programme
Colombia Mayor	Additional payment under existing programme
Emergency support to the vulnerable	New programme
Republic	
COVID-19 payment	New programme
Family payment	New programme

Emergency one-time benefit	New programme
Monthly family subsidy	New programme
Emergency payment	New programme
No cash-based emergency social protection programme recorded.	
No cash-based emergency social protection programme recorded.	
Unemployment Grant	New programme
Self-employment grant	New programme
Comer Es Primero	Vertical expansion of existing programme
Comer Es Primero	Horizontal expansion of existing programme
Family Protection Bonus	New programme
Takaful and Karama Program (TKP)	Horizontal expansion of existing programme to additional households
Payment to women community leaders	Vertical expansion of existing programme through 'top-up' of transfer

Payment to informal workers	Informal workers
Emergency subsidies to workers in the tourism sector	Workers in the tourism sector
Informal workers subsidy	New programme
Urban Productive Safety Net Programme (UPSNP)	Beneficiaries of the Urban Productive Sa
Rural Productive Safety Net Programme (RPSNP)	Horizontal expansion of existing programme
No cash-based emergency social protection programme recorded.	
Relief Fund to mitigate the effects of COVID-19 on laid off and unpaid workers in the	
No cash-based emergency social protection programme recorded.	
Government relief payment	New programme
Government COVID-19 diagnosis relief payment	New programme
No cash-based emergency social protection programme recorded.	
NAFA Quick Cash Transfer	New programme
Family payment	New programme
Targeted Social Assistance (TSA)	Vertical expansion of existing programme through 'top-up' of transfer
Disability transfer	New programme
Unemployment benefit	New programme
Child benefit	New programme

No cash-based emergency social protection programme recorded.	
Bono Familia	New programme
Emergency Response and Nafa Program	New programme
No cash-based emergency social protection programme recorded.	
No cash-based emergency social protection programme recorded.	
Household transfer	New programme
Self-employed and informal worker payment	New programme
National Social Assistance Programme (NSAP)	Additional payment under existing programme
Social pension	Additional payment under existing programme
Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana (PMJDY)	Three monthly payments under existing financial inclusion programme
Pradhan Mantri Kisan Samman Nidhi (PMKSN)	Top-up for three months
Program Keluarga Harapan (PKH)	Horizontal expansion of existing flagship programme
Program Keluarga Harapan (PKH)	Vertical expansion of existing flagship programme
BST	New programme

BLT Dana Desa	New programme
Pre-employment card	Expansion of planned programme
Emergency transfer to low income families with no permanent jobs	New programme
Minha programme	New programme
School closure payments to children	New programme
COVID Allocation of Resources for Employees (CARE) Program	New programme
COVID-19 PATH grant	Additional payment under existing CARE programme
COVID General Grant	New programme
National Aid Fund (NAF)	Horizontal expansion of existing programme to new recipients
Takaful	Horizontal expansion of existing programme to additional recipients

Takaful	Vertical expansion of existing programme to provide 'top ups' to existing recipients
State aid grants	New programme
Inua Jamii	Additional payment under existing programme
Senior Citizen's Grant	Horizontal expansion of existing programme to additional recipients
in new household beneficiaries, but it is unclear which programmes under the NSNP	
Monthly assistance	New programme
were due to finish during the quarantine period.	
Payment to affected workers	New payment to members of existing social insurance scheme
lockdown measures.	
Social grants	Vertical expansion of existing social grant programmes
Public Assistance	Horizontal expansion of existing public assistance programmes to new additional recipients
The Government are providing a three-month stipend to industrial workers throughout as a result of the COVID crisis	
Emergency Cash Transfer	New programme
Social Cash Transfer (SCT) program	Horizontal expansion of existing programme to additional recipients
	New programme

Critical worker allowance	New programme
Means-tested payment to households and single individuals	New programme
Transfer to tourism workers	New programme
Transfer to E-hailing drivers	New programme
Student payment	New programme
Wage subsidy	New programme
Government Worker Wage Replacement	New programme
Income Support Allowance	New programme
The Government is proposing to provide top-ups to SCTP beneficiaries and increas	
Emergency cash transfers	New programme for existing recipients of non-contributory pensions
No cash-based emergency social protection programme recorded.	

Household transfer	New programme
No additional cash-based emergency social protection programme recorded. The G	
No cash-based emergency social protection programme recorded.	
social assistance benefit	Vertical expansion in the transfer value of existing programme
Child allowance for uninsured people	Vertical expansion in the transfer value of existing programme
Employee retention scheme	Workers' salary paid in full in non-oper
Child Money Programme	Vertical expansion in transfer value of existing programme
Social pension	Vertical expansion in transfer value of existing programme
Social assistance (pension and child allowance transfers)	Additional payment under existing programme
Unemployment transfer	New programme
Wage subsidies	Subsidies to the amount of 50-70% of er
Informal worker cash transfer	New programme
No cash-based emergency social protection programme recorded.	
Maternal and Child Cash Transfer Programme	Additional payment under existing programme
Social pension programme	
Household emergency transfer	New programme
Emergency Income Grant	New programme
No cash-based emergency social protection programme recorded.	
introduced very little besides food assistance packages and utility waivers.	
No cash-based emergency social protection programme recorded.	

Emergency cash transfer programme	New programme
National Social Safety Nets Project (NASSP)	The Government will pay households in monthly payments for 4 months.
COVID-19 Emergency Relief Fund	the country's poorest and most vulnerab
No cash-based emergency social protection programme recorded.	
No cash-based emergency social protection programme recorded.	
Care for persons in the informal economy	New programme
	Horizontal expansion of existing programme
Ehsaas Emergency Cash Programme	Vertical expansion in transfer value of existing programme
No cash-based emergency social protection programme recorded.	
Tekoporá social protection program	Additional payment under existing programme
Ñangareko food security program	New programme
Quarantine payment	New programme

Additional bonus quarantine payment	New programme
'I Will Stay At Home' Bonus	New programme
Universal Family Allowance	New programme
Private sector worker subsidy	New programme
Disability Allowance for patients diagnosed with COVID-19	New programme
Social Amelioration Program	New programme
<i>Pantawid Pamilyang Pilipino Program (4Ps)</i>	Additional payments under existing programme
VUP	Horizontal expansion of existing programme to additional households
Income Support Programme for non-NIC contributors	New programme
Child Disability grant	Vertical expansion in the transfer value of existing programme ('top up')
Foster Child grant	Vertical expansion in the transfer value of existing programme ('top up')
HIV Grant	Vertical expansion in the transfer value of existing programme ('top up')
the Grenadines	
Displacement Supplementary Income	New programme

Senior Citizens Benefit	Additional payment under existing programme
No cash-based emergency social protection programme recorded.	
	New programme
Ep Fet Po cash transfer program	Vertical expansion in the transfer value of existing programme ('top-up')
Urban poor emergency cash transfer	New programme
Baxnano program	New programme
Child Support Grant	Vertical expansion in the transfer value of existing programme
Old Age Grant	Vertical expansion in the transfer value of existing programme
Disability Grant	Vertical expansion in the transfer value of existing programme
COVID-19 Social Relief of Distress Grant	New programme / adaptation of old programme
National Disaster Benefit	New programme

South Sudan Safety Net Project (SSSNP)	New programme
Samurahi Allowance	Additional payments made to existing recipients of programme as well as new additional households on waiting list
Senior Citizen's Allowance	Additional payments under existing programme
Disability and Chronic Illness Allowances	Additional payment under existing programme
Farmers' and Fishermen's pension schemes	Additional payments under existing programme
Unemployed graduate payments	New programme
Self-employed workers payments	New programme
Pre-school teacher payments	New programme
No cash-based emergency social protection programme recorded.	
General Child Allowance	Vertical expansion in the transfer value of existing programme
Old Age Provision	Vertical expansion in the transfer value of existing programme
Financial Assistance People with Disabilities (FB MMB)	Vertical expansion in the transfer value of existing programme
Financial Assistance for Weak Households (FB ZWH)	Vertical expansion in the transfer value of existing programme
Pension	
Unemployment benefits	New programme
No cash-based emergency social protection programme recorded.	

Targeted Social Assistance	Additional payment under existing programme
No cash-based emergency social protection programme recorded. The Government	
Emergency cash transfer	New programme
Unemployment compensation	Workers get increased unemployment c
Cash Transfer Scheme for Low-Income Households	New programme
Wage subsidy	The Government will subsidise the paym pandemic, with the Government contribu
Elderly Benefit and Disability Benefit	Additional payment under existing programme
Public Assistance Grant	New programme
Rental Assistance	New programme
Salary Relief Grant	New programme
Income Support Grant	New programme
Pension Assistance Waiting List Payment	New programme
Disability Assistance Waiting List Payment	New programme
Informal sector worker household payment	New programme
Additional informal sector worker household payment	New programme

Elderly household payment	New programme
Foster child household payment	New programme
Payment to families in Siliana	New programme
Cash transfers for women	Top up' under existing programmes health, postnatal and pregnancy payments as well as for women who recently lost their husbands
Social Support Grant Program	New programme
No cash-based emergency social protection programme recorded. The Government	
Child Benefit	New programme
Cash assistance	New programme
Childcare Allowance	Vertical expansion in the transfer value of existing programme ('top up')
Family Allowance	Vertical expansion in the transfer value of existing programme ('top up')
Payment to cover costs of quarantining	New programme

However, there is little additional information on this.

Households on the poor list	New programme
za	
Social allowances	Horizontal expansion of existing programme to additional recipients
No cash-based emergency social protection programme recorded.	
Emergency cash transfer	Expansion of planned programme

Duration of
emergency transfer
or top-up

N/A

N/A

One-time payment

One-time payment

3 months

One-time payment

One-time payment

One-time payment
One-time payment
N/A

One-time payment
3 months
6 months
One-time payment
One-time payment
One-time payment
One-time payment program, the Governr
One-time payment
12 months
One-time payment
12 months

One-time payment
12 months
12 months
12 months
s of the Organizatio
N/A
3 months
N/A
3 months
One-time payment

One-time payment
One-time payment
N/A

families with low or

3 months
N/A

One-time payment
4 months
2 months
> CFAF 4,5001. How

--

--

3 months
One-time payment
Residents whose per capita income/ annual net income falls under the threshold of the local minimum living standard in both urban and rural areas.
6 months
One-time payment
One-time payment
One-time payment
One-time payment
One-time payment
One-time payment
One-time payment
N/A
N/A
One-time payment

One-time payment
3 months
N/A



3 months
3 months
N/A
N/A
One-time payment
N/A
N/A

3 months
N/A
One-time payment

Safety Net Project (UF

5 months

e country.

One-time payment
One-time payment

2 months
6 months
6 months
6 months
6 months
One-time payment

3 months

N/A

One-time payment

N/A

One-time payment

One-time payment

3 months

3 months

12 months

3 months

3 months

3 months
One-time payment
One time payment in four stages
One-time payment
One-time payment (a daily rate of LCU 100 or LCU 150 was paid for 23 days of school closure)
3 months
One-time payment
One-time payment
6 months
N/A

6 months
3 months
One-time payment
12 months
' this falls under and
3 months

One-time payment

N/A
3 months
eu

2 months
N/A
One-time payment

Monthly until the end of the outbreak

One-time payment

One-time payment

One-time payment

One-time payment

3 months

N/A

3 months

e SCTP coverage in

N/A

3 months
Government will make

N/A
12 months
Additional public units.

6 months
5 months
One-time payment
One-time payment
Employee wages
N/A

One-time payment
One-time payment
2 months
One-time payment

One-time payment

the 6th poverty deci

le people have not b

N/A

One-time payment

4 months

N/A

One-time payment

One-time payment

One-time payment
One-time
One-time payment
One-time payment
N/A
2 months
2 months
12 months
3 months
N/A
N/A
N/A
3 months

N/A
2 months
2 months
2 months
2 months
2 months
2 months
2 months
2 months

N/A
N/A
N/A
N/A
N/A
N/A
N/A

--

One-time payment
It is planning an expense
6 months
compensation up to 6
3 months

ment of wages of former
 starting up to 60% of the

One-time payment
3 months
6 months
3 months
3 months
3 months
3 months
3 months
One-time payment
One-time payment

One-time payment
One-time payment
3 months
N/A
One-time payment
It is temporarily expa
Duration of the quarantine plus 1 additional month (this is assumed to be 2 months in total)
One-time payment
12 months
12 months
N/A

3 months
N/A

7 months

Eligibility for emergency transfer

Existing recipients

Employees of businesses with turnover up to ALL 14 million

Employees (formally employed at the time) in enterprises with annual turnover higher than 14 million, closed down by the imposed government restrictions

Financial support to the actual employees and the unemployed due to COVID-19 for every employee of the Ballsh Refinery and for all the applicants of the economic assistance (NE) since July 2019, which have not received any economic assistance until April 2020.

Those registered on the Family Benefit Program but not yet receiving it

Families enrolled in the family benefit system

Families with children under 14 years who face bottlenecks due to the shrinking labor market (formal employees (with certain criteria) released from work after March 13

Family with a child aged 0-18, where both parents do not have a registered job as of March 12, 2020, and no part-time or full-time work from March 12-March 31. This also covers parents on child care leave for children under the age of 3. The family must not be eligible for the Family Benefit Program; at least one of the parents did not have a job with a monthly salary of over 500,000 drams before March 1, 2020.
Persons in formal employment (receiving less than 500,000 AMD for the past two months) who lost their job after 13 March
Pregnant women who are not employed until 30 March and whose husband lost the job after 13 March
Hired workers and individual entrepreneurs (formal employment) in Armenia's private sector most affected by the spread of coronavirus

Poor households
Professionals in small trades who are affected by COVID-19
Children aged 0-5 years in Luanda
Existing recipients of UAH
Informal workers, domestic workers, 'monotributistas'
Those who receive social programmes
Recipients of the non-contributory system (including those from the ension Universal para el Adulto Mayor)
Government will provide employers with wage subsidies of between 50 - 100% of minimum wage
Unemployed citizens
Low-income families
Existing recipients of the primary school stipends

Low-income households

Low-income older persons aged 62+ for women and 65+ for men

Low income women who have been widowed or deserted by their husbands

Low income persons with disabilities

ns Providing Social Services . This provides small 14-day bonuses of between US\$ 10

Existing recipients of BOOST

The unemployed and persons who directly lost their as a result of the crisis.

People from these categories (activities such as: hairdressing, sewing, welding, carpentry, small saleswomen, etc.) who have registered on the digital platform open for this purpose, as well as in town halls and promotion centers. social.

Emergency scheme for unemployed workers and self-employed who have lost their earnings.

Parents of first and secondary school children who are not receiving any other type of bonus

People with disabilities and mothers who are beneficiaries of the Juana Azurduy de Padilla voucher. It mostly reaches the elderly (86.2% of the 65+ population) but also pregnant women, mothers with children <2 and PwDs accessing subsidies.

Universal for those aged 18-60 years who are not receiving another benefit

N/A

no income (\$250,000 thus far from Sarajevo municipality Stari Grad).

Employees of businesses registered for tax, regardless of whether they owe tax, who become technically unemployed on a temporary basis due to the impact of COVID-19

Fruits and vegetable informal retailers affected by the situation, particularly women

Workers in micro and small enterprises and self-employed in the informal sector, including sellers of informal commerce and municipal markets

Households recognised as poor by the IDPoor Program. Families receive an additional bonus for each IDPoor family member.

Workers from the garment, tourism and aviation sectors

ever, this is a benefit fully funded by the employer.

Registered in the social registry, low level of formal employment. Households with an older person or a PWD are eligible for the 2nd and 3rd payment.

retention migrant population in Wuhan

Local Governments have been instructed to increase coverage and transfer values of *Dibao* and temporary assistance programmes. This varies by province and there is incomplete information to give data on cost and coverage of the response nationally.

The unemployed who are not eligible for unemployment social insurance benefits.

Existing beneficiaries of *Familias en Accion*

Existing beneficiaries of *Jóvenes en Acción*

Vulnerable households

Informal workers and their families

Poor or vulnerable households in Bogota. Condition that the household complies with quarantine and has not been reported of domestic violence. Transfer to cover estimated 70% of expenditure to prevent leaving the house to earn daily wage during 23-day quarantine.

older adults

N/A

Persons in Kinshasa and other affected provinces

Families affected by COVID-19

Poor families in the social registry (SINIRUBE) who do not receive any social transfers¹

Families economically affected by COVID-19.

Households in the Greater Abidjan area.

Heads of families and single persons who are unemployed. Individual must have been laid off/ terminated between March 1 to August 15, 2020. Total employment income of the individuals must not exceed EC\$4,000.00 per month

Self-employed individuals with minor dependents under the age of 18 and individuals with no minor dependents under the age of 18 respectively whose businesses have been suspended as a result of the COVID-19 Pandemic

Households living in poverty

Households living in poverty

Informal workers earning less than \$400 per month

Takaful is poverty-targeted to low-income families with children 0-18 years and Karama is poverty-targeted to low-income elderly 65+ years, those with disabilities who cannot work and orphans aged 0-18.

Women community leaders in rural areas

Informal workers registered at the database of Ministry of Labour and Manpower Payment

Workers in the tourism sector

Households of informal economy workers such as house cleaners and street vendors who lack a financial safety net. The government targeted households using electricity usage: any household with monthly consumption of 0-250 kilowatts/ per hour got the transfers.

'SNP) are relieved of their public works obligations and will receive advance 3 months

N/A

Those employed in the informal sector who hold a street trader or hawker license in lock-down areas

Those employed in the informal sector who test positive for COVID-19

Households in 30 rural districts.

Families with a PMT rating score of 65,000 - 100,000 .

Existing recipients of TSA. Families with a PMT rating score of 0 - 100,000 who have three and more children under the age 16.

Persons with severe disabilities and children with disabilities will receive a a direct transfer of 100 GEL for up to 6 months.

People who lost their jobs because of the coronavirus crisis or are on unpaid leave

Children under 18 years (0-17 years)

Targeting is based on electricity consumption (<200whz) for areas with electricity (90% of beneficiaries). In areas with limited access to electricity, targeting is based on socio-economic characteristics (10% of beneficiaries).

Households in various parts of Guinea including Conakry.

Low-income households

Self-employed and informal workers receiving government support during the crisis

All beneficiaries under the NSAP (elderly, widows and PWD)

Existing recipients of social pension

All female Jan Dhan account holders

Existing recipients of PMKSN

Poor families with pregnant women and children, older persons and PWD

Poor families with pregnant women and children, older persons and PWD

Eligible residents outside the Greater Jakarta region who have already registered in the social registry but are not recipients of PKH or the Food Assistance Program

Those who have not registered in the social registry and are not recipients of PKH or the Food Assistance Program but who have experienced job loss of a breadwinner

laid-off workers and informal workers among others who are unemployed.

Lower-income families without a permanent job

Individuals impacted by COVID-19

PATH families with children enrolled in primary and secondary schools or in ECD

Workers who have lost their jobs since March 10

PATH recipients

small businesses and selfemployed persons,

Low-income households not currently benefiting from the National Aid Fund (NAF)

Low-income households

NAF recipients whose benefits are below a certain threshold.

Those who have lost income as a result of COVID-19

Existing recipients of Inua Jamii programmes

Kenyans over 70 years of age

there is little information elsewhere to corroborate this or provide further details.

Citizens who lose their jobs due to the COVID-19 crisis.

Affected workers who are members of social insurance scheme

Existing recipients of social grants (Child Grant Program and Old Age Pension).

Vulnerable groups such as children, elderly disabled, and those working in the informal sector.

Low-income households in Greater Monrovia

Extreme poor households in Liberia's four most food insecure counties (Maryland, Grand Kru, River Gee and Bomi)

Poor and vulnerable households in Antananarivo and Toamasina city

Medical personnel and immigration and related frontline staff.

Low-income households

Taxi, tourist and trishaw drivers and tourist guides.

E-hailing drivers

All students enrolled in institutes of higher learning in May 2020

Workers earning RM4,000 or less.

Workers providing contract services to the Government (e.g. cleaning and food supply to public institutions)

Workers who have lost their job or income as a result of the pandemic. This includes the self-employed and those in the informal sector.

both rural areas (as of June), and increase SCTP coverage in urban areas from April-

N/A

The families of women, the elderly and people with disabilities, mostly in Nouakchott.

an advance payment of non-contributory disability pension to provide one lump-sum pay

Existing recipients

Means-tested to families with children

Children aged 0-17 years registered in PMT database with a livelihood score below 670.

Senior citizens who are not entitled to pension benefits, citizens with disabilities, orphaned or half-orphaned children and single parents .

11,900 pensioners receiving the lowest pension and 8,500 beneficiaries of family allowance

all unemployed persons on the records of the Employment Agency of Montenegro, who do not receive any social transfers.

Informal workers

Households with mothers of children under the age of 2 and pregnant women in Chin, Kayah, Kayin Rakhine State and the Naga Self-Administered Area.

Older persons over the age of 85

Poor families who do not own land and do not have a steady income.

Citizens between 18-60 years who have lost their job and are not receiving any other social grant.

Poor, vulnerable households, and households with members working in the informal sector

le and below (as ranked in the National Social Registry) an advance payment of 20,00 benefited from the announced palliatives, donations, reported cash payments, cash tra

Unemployed and informal sector workers

Low income households who are eligible (have a monthly income below Rs. 2,000) but are not receiving Ehsaas

Existing recipients of Ehsaas

Existing family recipients of Tekoporá

N/A

Vulnerable families
Households whose members do not receive any income during the state of emergency
Private sector workers who are generating a low income. The subsidy is provided to employers to grant to the worker.
Patients diagnosed with COVID-19 (workers whose remuneration is up to 2,400 soles per month).
Low-income households
Recipient households of 4P's programme
Non-contributors of NIC (taxi drivers, vendors, small business persons, creative industry etc). Those who have been displaced (through loss of employment/income) as a result of COVID-19. For informal workers not currently contributing to NIC, condition of enrolling to NIC is attached to payment.
Informal workers not currently contributing to NIC, unemployed or displaced due to COVID-19.
Existing recipients
Existing recipients
Existing recipients
Providing support for displaced workers in the hotel and tourism sector, including cruise buses and taxis

Existing recipients of the social pension (all Samoan citizens aged 65+ years)

All citizens above the age of 18

Existing recipients of Ep Fet Po program - extreme poor households and households with persons with a disability

Households of informal workers in urban areas: Freetown, Bo city, Kenema city, Makeni and Port Loko.

The programme provides a nutrition-linked cash transfer to poor and vulnerable households.

Existing recipients of income-tested Child Support Grant (care-givers of children aged 0-17 years - affluence tested)

Existing recipients of income-tested Old Age Grant (citizens, permanent residents, and refugees 60 years or older with no other means of financial income)

Existing recipients of Disability Grant

Persons who are unemployed but not yet receiving any social grants from the Unemployment Insurance Fund.

Affected workers whose employers are registered with UIF and make monthly contributions

Low income families in 10 counties, including Juba. The programme provides cash for poor persons in exchange for working on public works projects as well as direct grants to those unable to work. It is unclear what proportion of this budget will fund direct grants.

Existing recipients of Samurdhi and 0.6 million of those on the waiting list

Existing recipients of Senior Citizen's Allowance

Existing recipients of Disability and Chronic Illness Allowances

Existing recipients of Farmers' and Fishermen's pension schemes

Unemployed graduates

Self-employed workers

Pre-school teachers

Existing recipients (families with unemployed, unmarried children younger than age 18 who do not receive a child allowance from their employer)

Elderly persons aged 65+ years receiving only the AOV

Existing recipients

Existing recipients (household level transfers)

Existing recipients

Persons who have been dismissed because of the COVID-19 measures by their employer; Persons who have no / less work and income because of the COVID-19 measures have their current job; Persons who demonstrably have income problems as a result of COVID-19

Low-income families with children under the age of three enrolled in the Targeted Social Assistance (TSA) system

Extension of the contributory employment benefits system.

Workers not covered by the Social Security fund

2% of salaries with a maximum of 9300 THB per day, for three months (March to May)

Households with monthly incomes below US\$ 500.

Informal sector employees who may be quarantined or staying at home during the pandemic. Government will cover the wage cost.

Existing recipients of the Elderly Benefit and Disability Benefit

Affected persons (including self-employed not contributing to NIB). Existing recipients of the Public Assistance Grant and the Disability Assistance Grant and existing food card holders to receive too.

Affected persons (including self-employed not contributing to NIB)

Workers who are temporarily unemployed or have reduced income

Those outside the NIS system who have lost their jobs or incomes, with a reduced gross household income of less than 10,000TTD (1,482USD)

Applicants with applications on hold

Applicants with applications on hold

Households working in the informal sector, who are not covered by any social assistance program and who are vulnerable to shocks (households registered in the social security system with low-cost healthcare card).

Households working in the informal sector, who are not covered by any social assistance program and who are vulnerable to shocks (households registered in the social security system with low-cost healthcare card).

Households with an elderly household member

Households fostering children without parental support

Families from the Siliana region whose children are no longer receiving school meals due to the closure of schools during the COVID-19 crisis

Women receiving health, postnatal and pregnancy payments as well as women who recently lost their husbands

Over 4 million current social assistance beneficiary households were targeted in the first and second phases and households that are not currently benefitting from any social assistance program but are adversely affected by the COVID-19 outbreak were targeted in the third phase.

Including the public works program "Urban Cash for Work Program" to additional persons

Children (under 10 years) of individual entrepreneurs

Vulnerable pensioners (whose pension is below USD 185), beneficiaries of disability programmes and beneficiaries of social assistance who are not eligible for a pension.

Families with children under 2 years of age

Families with children between 2-14 years of age

Quarantined persons at risk of or in contact with infected persons

Poor or near-poor households; social protections beneficiaries or devotees; contracted workers who have lost jobs but are not eligible for UI benefits; un-contracted workers who have lost jobs from selected fields of work and have an income below poverty line; or households with monthly taxable revenue below VND 100 million per month that temporarily suspended business.

Vulnerable families

Food insecure households who are failing to meet their monthly minimum food needs

Number of recipients reached by new transfer or top-up	Coverage of population	Coverage of categorical group	Population
N/A	N/A		
403,000	10.40%		
N/A	N/A		
N/A	N/A		
N/A	N/A		
	15.96%		
20,000 households	2.36%	N/A	2.96 million
Roughly 115,000 families	13.60%	N/A	
N/A	N/A	N/A	

N/A	N/A	N/A	
N/A	N/A	N/A	
N/A	N/A	N/A	
N/A	N/A	N/A	
	0.00%		
	14.90%		
1.15 million households	14.90%	N/A	7.72 million households
N/A	N/A	N/A	
	0.004%		
1,200 children	0.004%	0.02%	31.8 million
	40.84%		
4,300,000 recipients	9.58%	N/A	44.9 million
3,600,000 families	26.46%	N/A	
556,000	1.24%	N/A	
1,597,100	3.56%	N/A	
age.			
	27.54%		
600,000 recipients	27.00%	N/A	10 million
12,000 additional families	0.54%	N/A	
	23.07%		
			163,000,000
14 million children	8.59%		

5 million households	13.80%	N/A	
500,000 additional older persons	0.31%	N/A	
350,000 additional women	0.21%	N/A	
255,000 additional individuals	0.16%	N/A	
55 - 621 to staff who work in social services when they are			
	58.68%		
	6.16%	N/A	
5,867 recipients			390,300
50,000 recipients	52.52%	N/A	
	N/A		
55,000			
	6.65%		
13,005 individuals	6.65%	N/A	763,000
	95.54%		
1.6 million direct recipients	48.64%		11,513,000

1.4 million direct recipients	12.16% are direct recipients		
4 million direct recipients	34.74% are direct recipients		
N/A			
N/A			
	23.77%		
165,681	23.77%		2,300,000
	N/A		
N/A	N/A		
	0.00%		
	22.91%		
30,000 workers	22.91%		550,000
	17.00%		
610,000 households	17.00%		16,500,000
N/A	N/A		
	0.00%		
	0.00%		
	37.89%		

2 million households	37.89%		19,000,000
	N/A		
N/A			
N/A			
N/A			
	43.19%		
2.6 million households	18.09%		50,300,000
204,000 individuals	0.41%		
N/A			
3 million households	20.87%		
500,000 families in total (350,000 poor and 150,000 vulnerable)	3.48%		
170,000 older adults	0.34%		
	24.00%		
160,000 recipients	24.00%		832,322
	12.21%		
2 million recipients	12.21%		86,800,000
	7.96%		
100,000 households	7.96%		5,400,000
	28.56%		

33, 000 families	2.31%		5,000,000
375,000 families	26.25%		
	3.51%		
177,000 households	3.51%		25,700,000
	0.00%		
	0.00%		
	N/A		
N/A	N/A		
N/A	N/A		
	N/A		
N/A	N/A		10.7 million
100,000 new families	3.27%		
	21.11%		
950,000 households	21.11%		17,100,000
	8.44%		
160,000 new additional households	0.65%		100,400,000
N/A	N/A		

1.9 million households	7.76%		
7,500 recipients	0.03%		
	77.41%		
1.5 million households	77.41%		6,704,864
	4.12%		
payment while on leave.			112,000,000
1 million recipients	4.12%		
	0.00%		
	N/A		
	0.00%		
	N/A		
N/A	N/A		
N/A	N/A		
	0.00%		
	28.96%		
83,000 households	28.96%		2,350,000
	66.71%		
70,000 households	6.24%	N/A	3.7 million
21,000 households	1.87%	N/A	
40,000 citizens	1.08%	N/A	
350,000	31.22%		
973,600	26.30%	100%	

	0.00%		
	57.83%		
2 million households	57.83%	N/A	16.6 million
	11.80%		
240,000 households	11.80%	N/A	12,800,000
	0.00%		
	0.00%		
	57.08%		
1.5 million households	57.08%	N/A	11,300,000
	20.10%		
500,000 beneficiaries	20.10%		9.7 million
	23.56%		
35 million individuals	2.55%	N/A	1,352,617,328
0.85 million individuals	0.06%	N/A	
200 million women	14.60%	N/A	
87 million farmers	30.87%	N/A	
	47.99%		
0.8 million additional families	1.15%	N/A	270,600,000
10 million families	14.41%	N/A	
9 million households	12.97%	N/A	

7.9 million households	11.39%	N/A	
5.6 million	8.07%	N/A	
	12.67%		
3 million households	12.67%	N/A	82,900,000
	30.18%		
11.6 million individuals	30.18%	N/A	38.43 million
	N/A		
N/A	N/A		2.9 mill
N/A	N/A		
116,000 households	12.40%		
N/A	N/A		
	11.40%		
190,000 new additional households	8.84%	N/A	10,100,000
55,000 households (unclear whether these are all new additional households but these calculations assume they are)	2.56%	N/A	

93,000 households (approximately)	N/A	N/A	
	90.00%		
4,750,000	90.00%	N/A	19,000,000
	10.00%		
1.1 million recipients	9.42%	N/A	51.4 million
300,000 recipients	0.58%	N/A	
	3.22%		
10,256 recipients	3.22%	N/A	1.85 million
	0.00%		
3,000	0.24%	N/A	7,200,000
	N/A		
	8.09%		
170,800	8.09%	N/A	2.11 million
N/A	N/A	N/A	
	1.75%		
15,000 households	1.50%	N/A	4,900,000
2,500 additional households	0.25%	N/A	
	6.00%		
322,000 households	6.00%	N/A	26.26 million
	83.94%		

N/A	N/A	N/A	32,000,000
5.1 million households and 3.4 million single individuals	83.94%	N/A	
N/A	N/A	N/A	
120,000	0%	N/A	
1.35 million	4%	N/A	
4.8 million workers	15%	N/A	
80,000 workers	0%	N/A	
	7.08%		
6,600 recipients	7.08%	N/A	531,000
	N/A		
-June		N/A	
	2.21%		
75,000 households	2.21%	N/A	19,700,000
	0.00%		
	5.07%		

30,000 families	5.07%	N/A	4,500,000
	0.00%		
ayment for 4 months.			
	0.00%		
	N/A		
N/A	N/A		9.7 million
N/A	N/A		
	29.52%		
912,000 children	28.50%	81.21%	3,200,000
32,600	1.02%	N/A	
20,400	3.28%		
N/A	N/A		
	46.85%		
3 million informal workers	46.85%	N/A	36,500,000
	0.00%		
	33.35%		
241,425 households	1.88%	N/A	54,000,000
200,301	0.37%	N/A	
4 million households	31.10%		
	94.08%		
560,000	94.08%	N/A	2,500,000
	N/A		
	0.00%		

	N/A		
N/A	N/A	N/A	
	N/A		
0 naira (approximately US\$ 52) each in bulk for the			
nsfers and other benefits,” the group said.			
	0.00%		
	0.00%		
	8.81%		
50,000 households	8.81%	N/A	2,100,000
	47.47%		
			212.2 million
14.8 million households	47.47%	N/A	
	0.00%		
	32.66%		
167,000 households	10.97%	N/A	7,000,000
330,000 households	21.69%	N/A	
	81%		
		N/A	31.99 million

3 million households	35%	N/A	
		N/A	
6.8 million households	81%	N/A	
N/A	N/A	N/A	
N/A	N/A	N/A	
	95%		
18 million households	79%	N/A	106,651,922
3.7 million households	16%	N/A	
	1.91%		
56,000 families (additional)	1.91%	N/A	12,600,000
	N/A		
N/A	N/A	N/A	181,900
N/A	N/A	N/A	
N/A	N/A	N/A	
N/A	N/A	N/A	
	N/A		
N/A	N/A	N/A	

	4.40%	91.00%	
8,700	4.40%	91.00%	196,130
	0.00%		
	72.46%		
5 million individuals	72.46%	N/A	6,900,000
	14.22%		
70,000 households	5.29%	N/A	7,800,000
118,000 households	8.93%	N/A	
	10.52%		
270,000 households	10.52%	N/A	15,400,000
	51.09%		
12.5 million children	21.33%	62.88%	58,600,000
3.56 million older persons	6.08%	79.11%	4,500,000
1.08 million	1.84%	N/A	
4 million	21.84%	N/A	
N/A	N/A	N/A	
	22.86%		

430,000 recipients	22.86%	N/A	11,100,000
	61.18%		
2.4 million households in total (1.8 million existing recipients plus 0.6 million additional new households)	46.24%	N/A	21,800,000
0.6 million	2.75%	N/A	
53,000 recipients	0.24%	N/A	
165,000 recipients	0.76%	N/A	
40,000 recipients	0.18%	N/A	
2.36 million recipients	10.83%	N/A	
40,000 recipients	0.18%	N/A	
	0.00%		
	29.00%		
90,207 children	16%	46.00%	576,000
60,578	11%	100.00%	
12,505	2%	N/A	
750 households	1%	N/A	
N/A	N/A	N/A	
N/A	N/A	N/A	
	0.00%		
	3.30%		

50,000 households	3.30%	N/A	9.1 million
	0.00%		
	60.78%		
9 million workers	60.78%	N/A	69,600,000
)			
	87.20%		
214,000 households	87.20%	N/A	1.3 million
30,000 workers	12.23%	8.8% of labour force	
	N/A		
N/A	N/A	N/A	
N/A	N/A	N/A	
N/A	N/A	N/A	
N/A	N/A	N/A	
N/A	N/A	N/A	
N/A	N/A	N/A	
N/A	N/A	N/A	
	30.32%		
623,000 households	21.40%	N/A	11,700,000
260,000 households	8.89%	N/A	

N/A	N/A	N/A	
N/A	N/A	N/A	
530 households	0.03%	N/A	
	26.50%		
N/A	N/A		83.4 million
5.4 million households	26.50%		
	0.00%		
	0.93%		
414,000 children	0.93%	8.83%	44,400,000
N/A.	N/A	N/A	
	7.84%		
222,631 households	3.45%	56.17%	33,600,000
283,624 households	4.39%	32.03%	
N/A	N/A	N/A	
	N/A		
			28.87 million

	38.18%		
9.6 million (roughly)	38.18%	N/A	95.54 million
	1.09%		
9,000 additional households	1.09%	N/A	4.56 million
	0.00%		
	1.14%		
38,890	1.14%	N/A	14600000

Population of categorical group	Gender-sensitive design?	Value of new transfer or top-up (LCU)	Value of new transfer or top-up (US\$)	Total amount provided over period of 6 months (LCU)	Total amount provided over period of 6 months (US\$)
		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
		40,000	379	40,000	379
		16,000 - 40,000	151 - 379	16,000 - 40,000	151 - 379
		54,000	108	162,000	324
		7,875 - 17,150	16 - 35	7,875 - 17,150	16 - 35
		100,000 per child	201 per child	100,000 per child	201 per child

		26,500 per child	55 per child	26,500 per child	55 per child
		68,000	140	N/A	N/A
		100,000	201	100,000	201
		68,000 and 136,000	137-274	N/A	N/A
	No	10,000	79	10,000	79
		30,000	237	90,000	711
5.7 million		5,000	8	30,000	48
		3,000	41	3,000	41
		10,000	155	10,000	155
		3,000	41	3,000	41
		3,000	41	3,000	41
		190	112	190	112
		222	131	1,332	786
		1,000	11.84	1,000	12
		25 - 50	0.29 - 0.58	150 - 300	1.74 - 3.48

		2,500	30	2,500	30
		500	6	3,000	36
		500	6	3,000	36
		700	8	4,200	48
		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
		200 - 300	97 - 146	600 - 900	291 - 438
		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
		7,000-10,000 + 800 per child	99 -142 + 11 per child	21,000 - 30,000 + 2,400 per child	297 - 426 + 33 per child
		500	71	500	71

		182,000 - 280,000	221 - 340	546,000 - 840,000	663 - 1,020
		3,000	437	3,000	437
		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
		145,000	38	145,000	38
		356,000	94	356,000	94
		80,000	21	80,000	21
		160,000	42	160,000	42
	Yes	178,000 - 423,000	120 - 286	178,000 - 423,000	120 - 286
		240,000	68	240,000	68
		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
		50,000	91	50,000	91

		125,000	206	125,000	206
		200,000	330	600,000	990
		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
		400 - 600	148 - 222	12,000 - 18,000	444 - 666
		400 - 600	148 - 222	12,000 - 18,000	444 - 666
		825	18	N/A	N/A
		825	18	N/A	N/A
16		60	60	60	60
	Yes	350 - 450 per individual under Karama and 325 - 745 per household under Takaful	22 - 28 per individual under Karama and 20 - 47 per household under Takaful	N/A	N/A
	Yes	550	34	N/A	N/A

		500	31	1,500	93
		600 - 1,765		N/A	N/A
		300	300	300	300
		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
		54	1	272	7
		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
		150	66	150	66
		1,000	443	1,000	443
		1,500	29	3,000	58
		100	32	600	192
		100	32	600	192
		100	32	600	192
		200	63	1,200	377
973,600		200	63	200	63

		1,000	130	3,000	390
		250,000	26	N/A	N/A
		3,000	27	3,000	27
		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
		1,000	13	1,000	13
		4,000 – 5,000	53 - 66	4,000 – 5,000	53 - 66
	Yes	500	7	1,500	21
		2,000	27	6,000	81
		315,000	21	1.89 million	126
		157,500	11	472,500	33
		600,000	40	1.8 million	120

		600,000	40	1.8 million	120
		500,000	34	500,000	34
		6 million	400	6 million	400
		30,000	25	30,000	25
		2,300 - 3,450	15 - 23	2,300 - 3,450	15 - 23
		18,000	126	54,000	468
		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
		25,000 - 40,000	165 - 264	25,000 - 40,000	165 - 264
		45 - 300	63 - 423	270 - 1,800	378 - 2,538
		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
		42,500	100	127,500	300
		8,000	73	8,000	73
		2,000	18	12,000	108
		130	143	390	429
		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
		500,000	55	500,000	55
		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
		2,984 per capita	15 per capita	5,968 per capita	30 per capita
		1,989 - 6,763	10 - 34	N/A	N/A
		100,000	26	100,000	26

		RM 600 for medical personnel; RM 200 for immigration and related frontline staff.	USD 143 for medical personnel; USD 48 for immigration and related frontline staff.	N/A	N/A
	No	Between RM 500 - 800 per single individuals or RM 1,000 - 1,600 per household	120 - 191 per single individual or 238.50 - 381.50 per household	Between RM 500 - 800 per single individuals or RM 1,000 - 1,600 per household	120 - 191 per single individual or 239 - 382 per household
		600	143	600	143
		500	119.2	500	120
		200	48	200	48
		wages.			
		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
		Up to 5,000	Up to 325	Up to 15,000	Up to 975
		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

		55,556	143	166,667	430
		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
		293	17	N/A	N/A
		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,123,000		70,000 (top-up value)	27	420,000	162
		100,000	38	500,000	190
		50	60	50	60
		50	60	50	60
		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
		800 - 1,200	86 - 129	N/A	N/A
		30,000	22	30,000	22
		30,000	22	30,000	22
		20,000	15	40,000	30
		750	43	750	43

		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
		7,000	124	N/A	N/A
		12,000	71	12,000	71
	No	1,000	6	4,000	24
		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
		230,000	36	230,000	36
		380	106	380	106

		380	106	380	106
		380	106	380	106
		760	212	760	212
		1,500	418	1,500	418
		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	No	5,000 - 8,000	103 - 164	10,000 - 16,000	206 - 228
	No	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	No	7,500 - 21,000	8 - 22	45,000 - 126,000	48 - 132
		500	185	1,500	555
		100	37	N/A	N/A
		100	37	N/A	N/A
		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

9,610		759	300	759	300
	Yes	11,729	119	11,729	119
		145,500	15	873,000	90
		1,164,000	120	1,164,000	120
		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
19,879,400	Yes	300 per child for 1 month and then average of 280 per child for 5 months (Rs. 500 paid per caregiver to 7 million caregivers)	18 - 30	1,700	102
		250 (top-up)	14	1,500	84
		250 (top-up)	14	1,500	84
		350	18	2,100	108
		3,350	200	10,050	600

		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
		5,000	26	10,000	52
		3,000 - 5,000	16 - 26	6,000 - 10,000	32 - 52
		5,000	26	10,000	52
		5,000	26	10,000	52
		20,000	105	40,000	210
		5,000	26	10,000	52
		5,000	26	10,000	52
196,000		1000 per household	133 per household	N/A	N/A
		525 per child	70 per child	N/A	N/A
41,000		525	70	N/A	N/A
		675	90	N/A	N/A
		250 per household	33 per household	N/A	N/A
		500	66	N/A	N/A
		1,500	199	N/A	N/A

808,000 children under 3 years		500	48	500	48
		5,000	153	30,000	918
		100	100	300	300
339,500		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
		100	43	100	43
		150 - 500	22 - 74	450 - 1,500	66 - 222
		2,500	367	15,000	2,202
		1,500	220	4,500	660
		1,500 per household	220 per household	4,500 per household	660 per household
		1,500	220	4,500	660
		1,000	145	3,000	435
		200	68	200	68
		50	17	50	17

		200	68	200	68
		200	68	200	68
		200	68	600	204
		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
		1,000	136	1,000	136
4,688,000		1,791 - 2,225	66 - 82	3,582 - 4,450	132 - 164
		1,000	35	1,000	35
2,061,000		40,546	5	243,276	30
4,604,000		12,164 - 28,382	2 - 4	72984 - 170,292	12 - 24
		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

		250,000 - 1,800,000	11 - 78	750,000 - 5,400,000	33 - 234
		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Yes	4,343	12	26,058	72

Monthly amount provided over period of 6 months (LCU)	Monthly amount provided over period of 6 months (US\$)	Monthly amount provided over period of 6 months (US PPP terms)	Value of new transfer or top-up over a period of 6 months as % of 2019 GDP per capita	PPP conversion factor	Annual GDP per capita (US\$)
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	42.475	5,372.74
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
6,667	63	157	3.80%		
2,667 - 6667	25 - 63	63 - 157	5.58% - 14.07%		
27,000	54	136	4.09%	198.763	4,527.59
1,313 - 2,859	3 - 6	7 - 14	0.53 - 1.06%		
16,667 per child	34 per child	84 per child	2.57%		

4,417 per child	9 per child	22	2.39%		
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
16,667	34	84	2.57%		
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
1,667	13	56	3.97%	30.008	3,898.01
15,000	119	500	6.93%		
5,000	8	32	5.74%		
500	7	21	0.85%		9,887.79
1,667	26	70	0.95%		
500	7	21	0.85%		
500	7	21	0.85%		
32	19	75	1.08%	0.428	4,689.38
222	131	519	7.45%		
167	2	5	2.40%	32.769	1,905.72
25 - 50	0.29 - 0.58	0.76 - 1.50	0.18% - 0.94%		

417	5	12.70	1.52%		
500	6	15.25	3.60%		
500	6	15.25	3.60%		
700	8	21.36	5.10%		
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.137	4,925.18
100 - 150	49 - 73				
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
3,500 - 5,000+ 400 per child	50 - 71 + 6 per child	149 - 213 + 17 per child	4.49 - 6.38% + 0.54% per child	23.518	3,423.05
83	12	27	1.11%	3.082	3,670.96

91,000 - 140,000	111 - 170	229 - 352	2.39% - 3.68%	397.949	
500	73	143	8.67%	3.497	10,098.87
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
24,167	6	18	0.33%	1,343.25	
59,333	16	44	2.89%		
13,333	4	10	0.19%		
26,667	7	20	0.39%		
29,667 - 70,500	20 - 48	22 - 52	1.05% - 2.51%		
40,000	11	30	2.09%		
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		500.554
8,333	15	40	1.65%	206.344	2,534.49

20,833	34	52	0.97%	398.151	12,014.80
100,000	165	251	4.71%		
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
2,000 - 3,000	74 - 111	667 - 1,000	3.92 - 5.89%	1.884	8,380.98
2,000 - 3,000	74 - 111	667 - 1,000	5.89% - 10.60%		
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
10	10	19	0.51%	0.532	6,249.39
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	3.827	3,046.59
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		

250	16	65	1.54%		
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
50	50	104	3.65%	0.482	4,008.02
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
45	1	N/A	N/A		
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
25	11	22.2	2.07%	1.125	6,379.71
167	74	148.4	13.92%		
500	10	36	1.94%	13.829	755.046
100	32	101	2.71%	0.986	4,289.32
100	32	101	2.71%		
100	32	101	8.95%		
200	63	203	5.34%		
33	11	33	3.08%		

500	65	121	3.52%	4.132	4,616.85
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
500	5	14	7.65%	35.203	784.08
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
167	2	9	1.20%		
667 - 834	9 - 11	36 - 45	4.97% - 6.08%	18.452	2,171.64
250	4	14	1.80%		
1,000	14	54	1.50%		
315,000	21	73	1.56%	4,301.22	4,163.76
78,750	6	18	0.39%		
300,000	20	70	1.48%		

300,000	20	70	1.48%		
83,333	6	19	0.44%		
1 million	67	64	4.17%	15,627.19	5,506.23
5000	4	13	0.84%	376.3	5,738.45
383 - 575	3 - 4				
9,000	78				
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
4,167 - 6,667	28 - 44				
45 - 300	63 - 423	140 - 932	3.67% - 24.62	0.322	4,386.61
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		

N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
21,250	50	175	1.83%	121.71	9,139.11
1,334	12	25	1.64 - 7.21%	52.642	1,997.55
2,000	18	38	10.81%		
65	72	202	3.35%	0.321	4,442.36
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
83,333	9	30	0.70%	2,782.49	2,660.75
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
995 per capita	5 per capita	1,998 per capita	8.52%	0.498	703.826
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
16,667	4	17	2.11%	984.179	463.869

N/A	N/A	N/A		1.416	
83 - 133 per single individuals or 167 - 267 per household	20 - 32 for single individuals or 40 - 64 per household	59 - 94 for single individuals or 28 - 189	2.15% - 3.43% for single individual transfers; 0.99% - 1.59% for household transfers.		
100	24	71			
83	20	59			
33	8	23			
N/A	N/A	N/A			
Up to 2,500	Up to 163	Up to 243	2.21%	10.287	15,562.51
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		

27,778	72	2,631	8.16%	10.559	1,392.46
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
70,000	27	89	7.72%	786.348	
83,333	32	106	9.21%		
8	10	21	1.39%	0.384	8,703.93
8	10	21	1.39%		
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
5,000	4	17	0.83%	293.745	1224.70%
5,000	4	17	3.48%		
6,667	5	23	1.17%		
125	7	17	0.35%	7.23	

N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
2,000	12	62	1.53%	32.076	1,388.24
667	4	21	0.51%		
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2,582.37	5,692.18
38,333	6	15	0.27%		
63	18	39	0.81%	1.621	7,046.79

63	18	39	0.81%		
63	18	39	0.81%		
127	35	78	1.57%		
250	70	154	3.14%		
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
1,667 - 2,667	34 - 38	91 - 146	2.97%	18.262	
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
7,500 - 21,000	8 - 22	25 - 69	2.6% - 7.31%	303.153	824.927
250	93	121	3.60%	2.064	11,075.92
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		

127	50	67	13.33%	1.903	4,500.75
1,955	20	47	3.20%	41.823	
145,500	15	50	5.58%	2,899.97	546.645
194,000	20	67	7.44%		
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A
283	17	45	3.34%	6.33	6,100.35
250	14	39	2.81%		
250	14	39	2.81%		
350	18	5	1.11%		
1,675	100	265	6.15%		

N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
				50.69	3,946.59
1,667	7	33	0.33%		
1,000 - 1,667	5 - 7	20 - 33	1.52% - 2.13%		
1,667	7	33	2.13%		
1,667	7	33	2.13%		
6,667	35	132	10.64%		
1,667	7	33	0.51%		
1,667	7	33	0.51%		
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		

83	8	36	1.82%	2.33	877.34
5,000	153	409	5.00%	12.236	
50	50	116	5.00%	0.431	2,262.84
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
17	7	10	1.73%	1.717	4,862.00
75 - 250	11 - 37	22 - 74	0.81% - 2.71%	3.387	16,365.64
2,500	367	738	8.15%		
750	110	443	8.07%		
750 per household	110 per household	443 per household	2.44%		
750	110	443	8.07%		
500	73	295	5.35%		
33	11	43	1.00%	0.766	3,287.09
8	3	10	0.27%		

33	11	43	1.00%		
33	11	43	1.00%		
100	34	131	3.10%		
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
167	23	92	0.75%	1.821	8,958.00
597 - 742	22 - 27	61 - 75	7.35% - 9.13%	9.831	
1667	6	170	1.95%		
40,546	5	23	0.63%	1,760.88	1,831.57
12,164 - 28,382	2 - 4	7 - 16	0.25% - 0.50%		
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		

125,000 - 900,000	6 - 39	16 - 114	0.62% - 4.47%	7,900.35	2,739.82
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
4,343	12	1,794	2.80%	2.42	

GDP (2019) (US\$ billions)	Average household size	Annual budget (LCU)	Annual budget (US\$)	Annual budget (as% of GDP)
				0.82%
15.418	3.70	N/A	N/A	N/A
		6.4 billion	60.6 million	0.39%
		7 billion	66.2 million	0.43%
		N/A	N/A	
				0.45%
13.444	3.50			

		29.1 billion	60 million	0.45%
				0.00%
				0.05%
	5.29	11.5 billion	89.3 million	0.05%
		N/A	N/A	N/A
				0.0001%
91.527		58 billion	100,000	0.0001%
				0.21%
	3.30	14 billion	215 million	0.05%
		36 billion	560 million	0.13%
		1.67 billion	25 million	0.01%
		4.7 billion	64.3 million	0.02%
				0.14%
47.171	4.50	114 million	67.2 million	0.14%
		15.98 million	9.43 million	0.02%
				0.22 - 0.31%
317.465	4.50	14 billion	165.8 million	0.05%
		25.2 billion - 50.4 billion	292.3 million - 584.6 million	0.09% - 0.18%

		12.5 billion	148 million	0.05%
		3 billion	34.7 million	0.01%
		2.1 billion	24.3 million	0.01%
		2.1 billion	24.3 million	0.01%
				0.00%
2.001	4.10	100 million	48.7 million	2.43%
		90 million - 135 million	44 million - 66 million	4.5% - 6.75% (these values are calculated using budgets given by the Government but may be inaccurate/ over-estimations).
				0.06%
14.392		4.98 billion	9 million	0.06%
				0.08%
2.842	3.90	167.8 million	2.3 million	0.08%
		3.43 billion	508.8 million	1.20%
42.401	3.50			

		3.43 billion	508.8 million	1.2%
				0.03%
20.106		5.5 million	6.5 million	0.03%
		N/A	N/A	N/A
				0.46%
18.69	3.30	1 billion	85.9 million	0.46%
				0.07%
14.593		5 billion	10 million	0.07%
				0.00%
				0.15%
2.013	4.20	300 million	3 million	0.15%
				0.30%
26.73	4.60	322.2 billion	80 million	0.30%
		N/A	N/A	N/A
				0.00%
				0.00%
				0.00%
				0.45% - 0.70%

	3.60	1.1 trillion - 1.7 trillion	1.33 billion - 2.1 billion	0.45% - 0.70%
				N/A
14,140.16		N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
				0.91%
	3.50	377 billion	98.8 million	0.36%
		72.6 billion	19.2 million	0.07%
		N/A	N/A	N/A
		480 billion	126.5 million	0.46%
		174.8 billion	46.1 million	0.01%
		40.8 billion	11.56 million	0.003%
				N/A
	6.00			
				0.10%
48.994	5.30	96.5 billion	50 million	0.10%
				0.08%
11.576	4.30	5 billion	9.1 million	0.08%
				0.62%

61.021	3.50	4.1 billion	6.8 million	0.01%
		225 billion	370.7 million	0.61%
				N/A
	5.10	N/A	N/A	N/A
				0.00%
				0.00%
				N/A
0.593	2.70	N/A	N/A	N/A
		N/A	N/A	N/A
			N/A	N/A
	3.50	N/A	N/A	N/A
		N/A	N/A	N/A
				0.05%
107.914	3.80	57 million	57 million	0.05%
				0.08%
302.256	4.10	800 million	50.3 million	0.02%
		N/A	N/A	N/A

		2.85 billion	176.7 million	0.06%
		N/A	N/A	N/A
				1.67%
26.871	3.46	450 million	450 million	1.67%
				0.05% - 0.08%
	4.60	N/A	N/A	N/A
		1.79 billion	50-70 million	0.05% - 0.08%
				0.03%
4.657				0.03%
				0.00%
		25 million	1.5 million	
				N/A
		N/A	N/A	N/A
		N/A	N/A	N/A
				0.00%
				0.27%
1.773	8.20	249 million	4.8 million	0.27%
				1.45%
15.925	3.30	45 million	14.1 million	0.09%
		13 million	4.1 million	0.03%
		25 million	7.9 million	0.05%
		460 million	144 million	0.90%
		194.7 billion	61.3 million	0.38%

				0.00%
				0.96%
81.318	4.80	6 billion	780 million	0.96%
				N/A
	6.30	N/A	N/A	N/A
				0.00%
				0.00%
				0.46%
8.819	4.30	4.5 billion	40.5 million	0.46%
				N/A
	3.90	N/A	N/A	N/A
				0.3%
		35 billion	455 million	0.02%
	4.80	3.4 - 4.2 billion	45 - 56 million	0.002%
		100 billion	1.3 billion	0.04%
		522 billion	6.9 billion	0.24%
				0.29%
1111.70%	3.90			
		7429.7 billion	500 million	0.04%
		16,048 billion	1.08 billion	0.10%

		14,220 billion	954.8 million	0.09%
		10 trillion	668 million	0.06%
				0.30%
458.5	3.5000	58 trillion	1.38 billion	0.30%
				0.13%
224.462	7.70	345.1 billion	290 million	0.13%
				N/A
		N/A	N/A	N/A
		N/A	N/A	N/A
		N/A	N/A	N/A
		N/A	N/A	N/A
				0.16 - 1.09%
44.17	4.70	51.3 million - 342 million	71.8 million - 482.2 million	0.16% - 1.09%
		N/A	N/A	N/A

		N/A	N/A	N/A
				0.84%
170.326	3.60	605.6 billion	1.43 billion	0.84%
				0.16%
98.607	4.40	8.8 billion	88 million	0.09%
		7.2 billion	72 million	0.07%
				0.05%
7.996	5.80	4 million	4.4 million	0.05%
				0.00%
		N/A	N/A	N/A
				N/A
	5.80	N/A	N/A	N/A
				0.01%
58.565		75 billion	5 million	0.01%
				1.98%
		900 million	54.2 million	1.98%
				0.27%
3.222	4.90	1.75 billion	8.8 million	0.27%
				0.08%
12.55	4.9000	37.9 billion	10 million	0.08%
				0.68%

365.303	4.60	N/A	N/A	N/A
		10 billion	2.39 billion	0.65%
		N/A	N/A	N/A
		60 million	14.3 million	0.004%
		270 million	64.4 million	0.02%
		N/A	N/A	N/A
		110 million	27 million	0.01%
				0.22%
578600000000.00%	5.70	N/A	12.8 million	0.22%
				N/A
		N/A	N/A	N/A
				N/A
	5.80	N/A	N/A	N/A
				0.00%
				0.23%

5.651	7.60	5 billion (old ounces)	12.9 million	0.23%
				0.00%
		N/A	N/A	N/A
				0.00%
				N/A
		N/A	N/A	N/A
		N/A	N/A	N/A
		N/A	N/A	N/A
				1.12%
		383 billion	145.6 million	1.07%
		16.3 billion	6.2 million	0.05%
				N/A
5.424		1 million	1.2 million	0.02%
		N/A	N/A	N/A
		N/A	N/A	N/A
				N/A
	5.70	N/A	N/A	N/A
				0.00%
				0.19%
65.994	4.20	6.6 billion	4.93 million	0.01%
		6.3 billion	4.07 million	0.01%
		160 billion	120 million	0.18%
				0.22%
	4.20	562 million	32.2 million	0.22%
				0.00%
				0.00%
				0.00%

				N/A
		N/A	N/A	N/A
				N/A
		N/A	N/A	N/A
		N/A	N/A	N/A
				0.00%
				0.00%
				N/A
	3.70	N/A	N/A	N/A
				0.53%
	6.8			
		203 billion	1.2 billion	0.53%
				0.00%
				0.02%
40.714	4.60	N/A	N/A	N/A
		75.9 billion	8.3 million	0.02%
				1.05%
228.989	3.8000			

		3.42 billion	954 million	0.42%
		5.2 billion	1.45 billion	0.63%
		N/A	N/A	N/A
		N/A	N/A	N/A
				1.38%
356.814	4.70	200 billion	4.12 billion	1.18%
		35 billion	726 million	0.20%
				0.05% - 0.14%
	4.30	5.0 billion	5.2 million	0.05% - 0.14%
				0.30%
1.992	2.80	16.8 million	6.2 million	0.30%
		N/A	N/A	N/A
		N/A	N/A	N/A
		N/A	N/A	N/A
		N/A	N/A	N/A
				N/A
		N/A	N/A	N/A

				0.29%
0.905		6.6 million	2.6 million	0.29%
				0.00%
				1.15%
	2.90	58.7 billion	593 million	1.15%
				0.32%
4.229	5.90	92.2 billion	9.5 million	0.22%
		38.8 billion	4 million	0.10%
				1.30%
4.958	6.00	36.2 billion	65 million	1.30%
				0.72%
358.839	3.20	Rs. 5.5 billion	331.3 million	0.09%
		5.34 billion	306.2 million	0.09%
		1.62 billion	92.9 million	0.03%
		1.4 billion	72 million	0.03%
			1.7 billion	0.48%
				1.09%

3.681	5.90	N/A	40 million	1.09%
	0.04			0.21% - 0.23%
86.566	4.20	5.6 billion	30.23 million	0.03%
		3.6 billion - 6 billion	19.2 million - 31.2 million	0.02% - 0.04%
		530 billion	2.8 million	0.00%
		1.65 billion	8.6 million	0.01%
		1.6 billion	8.4 million	0.01%
		23.6 billion	122.7 million	0.14%
		400 million	0.52 million	0.00%
				0.00%
				N/A
	3.9000	N/A	N/A	N/A
		N/A	N/A	N/A
		N/A	N/A	N/A
		N/A	N/A	N/A
		N/A	N/A	N/A
		N/A	N/A	N/A
		N/A	N/A	N/A
		N/A	N/A	N/A
		N/A	N/A	0.00%
				0.03%

8.152	6.0	25 million	2.4 million	0.03%
				0.00%
				0.76%
529.177	4.70	124.5 billion	4 billion	0.76%
				2.190%
2.938	5.30	64.2 million	64.2 million	2.19%
		N/A	N/A	N/A
				N/A
		N/A	N/A	N/A
				N/A
22.607	3.3000	N/A	N/A	N/A
		N/A	N/A	N/A
		N/A	N/A	N/A
		N/A	N/A	N/A
		N/A	N/A	N/A
				0.12%
38.732	4.00	124.6 million	42.4 million	0.11
		13 million	4.4 million	0.01

		N/A	N/A	N/A
		N/A	N/A	N/A
		318,000	40,800	0.0001
			0.10%	1.90%
		N/A	N/A	N/A
743.708	4.10	5.4 billion	734.4 million	0.1%
				0.00%
				0.28%
		1.66 billion	61.3 million	0.04%
		9.88 billion	365 million	0.24%
				0.03 - 0.04%
60.49	5.20	137.3 billion	13.4 million	0.02%
		41.4 billion - 96.6 billion	6.8 million - 13.6 million	0.01 - 0.02%
		N/A	N/A	N/A
				N/A
		N/A	N/A	N/A

				0.50%
261.637	3.80	36 trillion	1.55 billion	0.50%
				N/A
	5.50	N/A	N/A	N/A
				0.00%
				0.01%
	4.10	564.4 million	1.6 million	0.01%

Funding gap
(to reach
recommended 2% of
GDP)

1.18%

N/A

1.55%

2.00%
1.95%
1.9999%
1.790%
1.86%
1.69 - 1.78%

2.00%
2.00%
1.92%
0.80%

1.97%
1.54%
1.93%
2.00%
1.85%
1.70%
2.00%
2.00%
2.00%
1.30% - 1.55%

N/A
1.09%
N/A
1.90%
1.92%
1.38%

N/A
2.00%
2.00%
N/A
1.95%
1.92%

0.33%
0.33%
1.95% - 1.98%
N/A
1.97%
2.00%
N/A
N/A
N/A
1.73%
0.55%

1.04%
N/A
2.00%
1.54%
1.7%
1.71%

1.70%
0.87%
N/A
0.91 - 1.84%

1.16%
1.84%
1.95%
N/A
0.02%
1.73%
1.92%
1.32%

N/A
N/A
N/A
2.00%
1.77%

2.00%
2.00%
N/A
0.88%
N/A
2.00%
1.81%
1.88%
2.00%
2.00%

N/A
N/A
2.00%
2.00%
N/A
1.47%
2.00%
1.98%
0.95%

0.62%
1.86% - 1.95%
1.70%
N/A

1.77% - 1.69%
2.00%
N/A
N/A
N/A
N/A
N/A
N/A
N/A
N/A
N/A
2.00%
1.97%

2.00%
1.24%
0.810%
N/A
1.88%

2.00%
1.72%
1.96 - 1.97%
N/A

1.50%
N/A
N/A
1.987%

Financing mechanism

IMF approved US\$190.5 million financial assistance for Albania under the Rapid Financing Instrument to balance its urgent balance of payment need. European Union have provided 50 million Euros for social protection and business recovery.

Supplementary finance law (SFL)

Funded by SIDA, through UNICEF.

The Government received US\$ 12.4 million in financing - in part to boost the BOOST programme - from the World Bank.
<https://www.worldbank.org/en/news/press-release/2020/07/13/world-bank-supports-programs-to-assist-over-13000-households-in-belize-in-response-to-covid-19-crisis>

Funded by borrowing from the Central Bank of Belize (Caricom Today, 2020).

Budget of 800 million bolivianos US\$ 113.1 million)
https://as.com/diarioas/2020/05/19/actualidad/1589914204_541134.html

The Government is setting up a COVID-19 Pandemic Relief Fund into which it will inject P2 billion. The private sector is called upon to generously contribute to the Fund. KPMG (2020): <https://home.kpmg/xx/en/home/insights/2020/04/botswana-government-and-institution-measures-in-response-to-covid.html>

Digital identification of recipients supported by UNDP

IMF emergency assistance fund of US\$ 14 million

Egypt requested financial support from the IMF.

<https://www.imf.org/en/News/Articles/2020/07/09/na070920-egypt-takes-proactive-approach-to-limit-the-pandemics-fallout>

The World Bank have provided financing through the Emergency Response and Nafa Program Support Project of US\$ 70 million. <https://projects.worldbank.org/en/projects-operations/project-detail/P168777>

Hait has received emergency financing of US\$ 112 million from the IMF. <https://www.imf.org/en/News/Articles/2020/04/17/pr20171-haiti-imf-executive-board-approves-us-111-6m-disbursement-address-covid19-pandemic>

Funded via Village Fund

Co-financed by the World Bank and DfID. The World Bank have provided a US\$ 374 million loan.



The World Bank have provided US\$ 8.8 million in additional financing to the 'Liberia Social Safety Nets Project' to assist the expansion of the SCT for the COVID-19 context.



Financed by the European Union. UNICEF is coordinating distribution.



Funded by the World Bank. The assistance comprises a USD 6.4 million grant and a USD 6.4 million credit from the International Development Association (IDA), the World Bank's concessional credit window for developing countries. <https://www.worldbank.org/en/news/press-release/2020/06/09/world-bank-approves-128-million-to-support-workers-in-maldives>

In August, the World Bank approved US\$ 250 million in IDA credits and grants for Niger, in part to contribute to the development of cash transfers.



--

[World Bank loan of US\\$500 million has \(in part\) helped to finance expansion of 4P's. The A](#)

--



--

^[1] <https://www.worldbank.org/en/news/press-release/2020/05/28/philippines-world-bank-approves-usd500-million-to-help-mitigate-impact>

The IMF has provided US\$ 29.2 million in emergency financing to Saint Lucia to support its COVID-19 response, including the provision of cash transfers.
<https://www.imf.org/en/News/Articles/2020/04/28/pr20192-dma-grd-lca-imf-executive-board-approves-us-million-disbursements-address-covid-19-pandemic>

--

--

--



--

The Asian Development Bank has provided a US\$ 20 million grant to Samoa, in part to provide this additional payment to pension recipients. The ADB has also provided two other grants to Samoa to aid their COVID-19 response, one grant of US\$ 2.9 million and a recent grant of US\$ 1.5 million. <https://www.adb.org/news/adb-provides-20-million-grant-help-samoa-respond-covid-19>

Funded by the World Bank.

The programme is funded with a pre-arrears clearance grant from the International Development Association (IDA) of the World Bank.

The World Bank is providing a \$40 million International Development Association (IDA) grant

The Tajikistan Emergency COVID-19 Project is financed through a grant of US\$11.3 million from the World Bank's International Development Association.

Funded by the Government of the Republic of Timor Leste, with operational support from a UN-funded project. Timor Leste has received funding from the UN's Multi-Partner Trust Fund (MPTF) of USD 999,380 (The Recipient UN Organization is ILO and UN Women), the project allocated USD 748,000 for financial support to the operational costs of the cash-transfer programme.

https://www.ilo.org/jakarta/whatwedo/projects/WCMS_746154/lang--en/index.htm

Funds from the national budget

Funded by WFP: <https://www.devdiscourse.com/article/headlines/1170114-wfp-starts-cash-transfers-in-tunisia-to-help-530-families-from-siliana-region>

The World Bank have provided US\$ 95 million of financing to the Government of Uzbekistan for their COVID-19 emergency response, including contributing to the expansion of cash transfers.
<http://documents1.worldbank.org/curated/en/755051586970951605/pdf/Project-Information-Documents-Uzbekistan-Emergency-COVID-19-Response-Project-P173827.pdf>

The European Union, Austria and Spain have provided €14.5 million in financing.

Sources

Gentilini (10 July, 2020); IMF (2020): <https://www.imf.org/en/Topics/imf-and-covid19/Policy-Responses-to-COVID-19>; World Bank (2018): <https://ewdata.rightsindevelopment.org/files/documents/79/WB-P162079.pdf>

Gentilini (10 July, 2020); SSA (2020): <https://www.ssa.gov/policy/docs/progdesc/ssptw/2016-2017/asia/armenia.html>; UNICEF (2020): <https://www.unicef.org/armenia/en/what-we-do/social-protection-and-child-poverty>

Gentilini (June, 12); IMF database; https://www.lpalaw.com/en/flash-info-algeria-supplementary-finance-law-for-2020/ ; https://www.dzairdaily.com/algerie-aide-10000-dinars-familles-necessiteuses-confinement-coronavirus/
http://jornaldeangola.sapo.ao/sociedade/ajuda-monetaria-chega-a-comunidade-de-camizungo
Gentilini (June, 12)
Gentilini (June, 12)
Gentilini (June, 12)
Gentilini (June, 12); Gentilini (March, 20).
APA (2020): https://apa.az/en/social-news/About-5-million-people-in-Azerbaijan-are-covered-by-a-broad-social-package-President-Ilham-Aliyev-327434

Gentilini (June, 12)

Gentilini (June, 12)

Gentilini (10 July, 2020); <https://lefaso.net/spip.php?article95931>

Gentilini (10 July, 2020)

Gentilini (10 July, 2020); UNICEF (2020): <https://www.unicef.org/cambodia/stories/covid-19-cash-transfer-programme-helping-families-most-basic-needs>; VOA Cambodia (2020): <https://www.voacambodia.com/a/govt-launches-new-cash-transfer-scheme-to-assist-id-poor-families-during-covid-19/5477022.html>; <https://www.phnompenhpost.com/national/idpoor-cardholder-list-grows-610000-budget-hits-28m>

<https://www.khmertimeskh.com/50750698/govt-grants-two-month-extension-of-idpoor-aid-scheme/>

Gentilini (10 July, 2020)

Gentilini (10 July, 2020)

Gentilini (10 July, 2020); Caribbean News Now (2020): <https://thecaribbeannewsnow.com/dominica-to-use-imf-fund-for-income-support/>; Government of Dominica (2020): <https://dominica.gov.dm/notices/1047-covid-19-response-employees-and-small-business-programme>

Gentilini (10 July, 2020); <https://www.eluniverso.com/noticias/2020/03/21/nota/7790391/coronavirus-bono-contingencia-60-dolares-trabajadores-informales>; <https://www.eluniverso.com/noticias/2020/04/10/nota/7809672/bono-60-dolares-coronavirus-emergencia-ecuador>

Gentilini (10 July, 2020); OECD (2020). <https://www.oecd.org/coronavirus/policy-responses/covid-19-crisis-response-in-mena-countries-4b366396/>; World Bank (2018). <https://www.worldbank.org/en/news/feature/2018/11/15/the-story-of-takaful-and-karama-cash-transfer-program>

OECD (2020). <https://www.oecd.org/coronavirus/policy-responses/covid-19-crisis-response-in-mena-countries-4b366396/>; World Bank (2018). <https://www.worldbank.org/en/news/feature/2018/11/15/the-story-of-takaful-and-karama-cash-transfer-program>

Gentilini (10 July, 2020)

Transfer value estimated by calculating the mean payment of the regional monthly payments stated by Berhane et al (2011).

<https://allafrica.com/stories/202008310479.html>

Government of Georgia (2020). Appendix 2: <https://matsne.gov.ge/ka/document/view/4864421?publication=13>

Gentilini (10 July, 2020)

Gentilini (10 July, 2020)

Haiti Libre (2020): <https://www.haitilibre.com/en/news-30829-haiti-social-75-608-people-out-of-15-million-intended-beneficiaries-have-already-received-financial-aid-from-the-state.html>

Gentilini

[Gentilini \(June, 12\); Development Pathways \(2018\): http://www.developmentpathways.co.uk/wp-co](http://www.developmentpathways.co.uk/wp-co)

Gentilini (June, 12)

Gentilini (June, 12); <https://www.thejakartapost.com/news/2020/05/27/govt-disburses-202-million-for-5-million-poor-families-via-village-funds-program.html>

<https://reliefweb.int/sites/reliefweb.int/files/resources/Food%20Security%20in%20Iraq%20-%20Imp>

<https://socialprotection.org/discover/programmes/national-aid-fund-recurring-cash-assistance>

HRW (2020): <https://www.hrw.org/news/2020/08/17/kazakhstan-extend-expand-covid-19-aid>;
Reuters (2020): <https://www.reuters.com/article/us-health-coronavirus-kazakhstan/kazakhstan-heads-for-second-covid-19-lockdown-after-botched-reopening-idUSKBN2401K3>; KPMG (2020):
<https://home.kpmg/xx/en/home/insights/2020/04/kazakhstan-government-and-institution-measures-in-response-to-covid.html>

[Gentilini \(10 July, 2020\); https://www.the-star.co.ke/news/2020-04-19-inua-jamii-beneficiaries-to-get](https://www.the-star.co.ke/news/2020-04-19-inua-jamii-beneficiaries-to-get)

[Gentilini \(10 July, 2020\)](#)

Gentilini (10 July, 2020)

IMF (2020): [file:///Users/daisysibun/Downloads/1LSOEA2020002%20\(1\).pdf](file:///Users/daisysibun/Downloads/1LSOEA2020002%20(1).pdf); UNICEF (2020):
https://www.unicef.org/esa/media/6171/file/UNICEF_Lesotho-Social_Welfare_Budget_Brief-2019.pdf

World Bank (11 August, 2020). Combined Project Information Documents.

<https://reliefweb.int/report/madagascar/madagascar-country-office-covid-19-response-13-august-20>

<https://edition.mv/news/18141>

[Gentilini \(10 July, 2020\)](#)

Arabic CNN (2020): <https://arabic.cnn.com/business/article/2020/03/26/mauritania-coronavirus-electricity-water-bills>

Gentilini (June, 12); UNICEF (2020) Mongolia CMP case study.

Gentilini (10 July, 2020)

<https://www.lift-fund.org/news/lift-and-dsw-announce-usd9-million-covid-19-cash-support-mothers-p>

<https://www.lift-fund.org/news/lift-and-dsw-announce-usd9-million-covid-19-cash-support-mothers-p>

<https://www.frontiermyanmar.net/en/millions-of-families-receive-first-cash-handouts-under-covid-19-relief-scheme/>

Gentilini, (10 July, 2020)

Gentilini, (10 July, 2020); <https://translate.google.com/translate?sl=auto&tl=en&u=https%3A%2F%2Fvlada.mk%2Fnode%2F20813>

https://www.pass.gov.pk/ecs/uct_all.html; Dawn (17 July, 2020): <https://www.dawn.com/news/1569458>; <https://en.baaghitv.com/16-9-million-families-to-get-emergency-cash-under-ehsas-program-dr-sania/>; [https://www.pass.gov.pk/userfiles1/files/Eng%20Brief%20Ehsaas%20Emergency%20Cash\(1\).pdf](https://www.pass.gov.pk/userfiles1/files/Eng%20Brief%20Ehsaas%20Emergency%20Cash(1).pdf);

https://www.en24.news/2020/08/all-peruvian-government-bonds-2020-links-beneficiaries-of-the-universal-independent-rural-family-bonus-2nd-register-i-stay-at-home-how-do-i-register-electricity-bonus-independent-bonus_mid.html; ArchvWorldvs (2020); https://www.archvworldvs.com/link_

[bonds-of-the-peruvian-state-consultation-www-universal-family-bond-pe-second-universal-family-bond-i-stay-at-home-bonus-independent-bonus-760-soles-electricity-bonus-of-160-soles-rural-bond/](https://www.aiccityworldays.com/links-bonds-of-the-peruvian-state-consultation-www-universal-family-bond-pe-second-universal-family-bond-i-stay-at-home-bonus-independent-bonus-760-soles-electricity-bonus-of-160-soles-rural-bond/)

Department of Finance (2020). <https://www.dof.gov.ph/dof-says-covid-19-emergency-subsidy-largest-social-protection-program-in-phl-history/>; ILO (2020): https://www.ilo.org/wcmsp5/groups/public/---asia/---ro-bangkok/documents/publication/wcms_753550.pdf

<https://www.adb.org/sites/default/files/project-documents/43407/43407-017-pam-en.pdf>

Gentilini, World Bank (2019): <http://documents1.worldbank.org/curated/en/923941551282403595/of-covid-19-pandemic>

Gentilini (10 July, 2020)

Gentilini (10 July, 2020); ILO (2014): https://www.ilo.org/wcmsp5/groups/public/---dgreports/---dcomm/documents/publication/wcms_310211.pdf

Gentilini (10 July, 2020)

Gentilini (10 July, 2020)

<https://hornobserver.com/articles/301/Somali-President-Unveils-Social-Safety-Net-Program-to-Reduce-Poverty-and-Improve-Human-Capital>

Development Pathways (2018). Social Protection and Disability in South Africa.

<https://www.lexology.com/library/detail.aspx?g=25186006-2018-458c-b36b-22c58158c468>; <https://v>

Gentilini (10 July, 2020); <https://reliefweb.int/report/south-sudan/south-sudan-benefit-world-bank-support-social-safety-net>

Gentilini (10 July, 2020); CEPAL (2019):
https://www.cepal.org/sites/default/files/informe_beijing25_suriname_final_0.pdf

Government of Timor Leste (2020): <http://timor-leste.gov.tl/?p=24159&lang=en&n=1>

ILO (2020): <https://www.ilo.org/global/topics/coronavirus/regional-country/country-responses/lang-en/index.htm#TT>

<https://www.unCDF.org/article/5598/how-did-vietnam-do-it-public-health-and-fiscal-measures-beat-ba>

Gentilini (10 July, 2020)

<https://www.africaportal.org/features/zimbabwe-could-learn-south-africas-social-grants-programme-amid-its-covid-19-crisis/>

Additional info



--

--

--

--



--

In addition to regular monthly payments, 70% of the value of the family's regular monthly benefit will be provided. Of this amount, 30% will be provided through utility waivers and 70% will be provided as a cash transfer. The range of transfer values given in this sheet have been estimated to show what a family with 1 child and a family with 4 children would expect to receive.

--

--

Employed and self-employed who lost their jobs directly as a result of the COVID19 crisis will receive BZ\$150 every 2 weeks for 12 weeks (US\$450). Persons who were unemployed prior to the crisis will receive BZ\$100 every 2 weeks for 12 weeks (US\$300).

Together, the Bono Familia, BCF and BU reach 3.3 million households and their 11.1 million members (as direct and indirect recipients) which is 97.6% of the population

Approximately 92,000 disabled persons and 247,000 mothers will receive this assistance.

The budget was recorded as US\$ 25 million for June, and then increased to US\$ 28 million for August and September respectively.

Payment amount reduces from 100% of amount in first month, to 85% and then 65% in subsequent months. Amount depends on level of informality of work within the household. A household of 4 members entirely income from informal sector receive a first transfer of CLP 280,000 (USD 340)

Households identified via SISBEN and tax collection databases.

Household identified via 2018 Census, SISBEN and District's own data (plus data from cell phone operators). COP 423,000 for poor households and COP 178,000 for vulnerable households

100% increase in the amount transferred to families.

Payments are to be increased from LCU 350 to LCU 900, representing an overall top-up of LCU 550.

Beneficiaries receive a free ATM card with their first payment in order to cash their 2nd and 3rd payment via post offices and/or banks. Accepted beneficiaries are notified via SMS regarding the location and time to visit to collect their first payment and ATM card, to avoid overcrowding and ensure the safety of beneficiaries.

The targeting of the payment spurred some protests from people who demand to be included in the new scheme.

It is likely that benefits will include a cash/ food mix. The cash benefit value will increase by about 22% for scale-up

"It is hoped that an additional fund of Rp. 53 billion is expected to be discussed at the ministerial meeting," he said. Abdul Halim conveyed that currently the distribution of Village Fund BLT for the first term of the first month has reached 99%. This figure is equivalent to IDR 4.73 trillion for 7.88 million beneficiary families (KPM).

Meanwhile, the total for the distribution of term I amounted to Rp 12.24 trillion. The distribution for the second term has started at Rp 73.61 billion and the third term is planned to be distributed in the coming October.

MoLSA approved grants for 11.6 million people, the majority of the 12.3 million individuals who applied nationwide.

Formal and informal workers, self-employed people, and part-time workers are eligible for the temporary state aid. But informal workers, who represent 30 percent of the workforce, have to pay a non-refundable social security contribution to access the aid. These are payments of KZT 1,325 in rural areas and KZT 2,650 in urban areas. The payments do not guarantee that applicants will receive the KZT 42,500.

Meanwhile, the total for the distribution of term I amounted to Rp 12.24 trillion. The distribution for the second term has started at Rp 73.61 billion and the third term is planned to be distributed in the coming October

Those who have lost all their income will receive LCU 5,000 and those who have a monthly income below LCU 5,000 will receive a top-up.

Note: The source gives the budget in the currency of old ounces.

Overall transfer is MNT 100,000

Overall transfer is MNT 280,000

In addition to existing monthly payment of MMK 15,000

In addition to existing monthly payment of MMK 10,000

"The total amount for this measure is costed at a maximum of N\$562 million, based on the national poverty line of N\$250 per person per week." Do this mean this is the min income used to income-test the benefit?

12,000 [Rs. 1000 for top-up of existing 'Ehsaas Kafaalat' programme for 4 months (total sum of Rs. 12,000 including the Rs. 2,000 per month recipients would usually receive distributed over 4 month period) and Rs. 12,000 for new recipients identified through national socio-economic database as having income below Rs. 20,000. An SMS campaign will be launched to unform about the programme.

The cash is transferred via an electronic wallet to purchase food and hygiene products.



SAP excludes 4Ps beneficiaries because their monthly cash grant has already been increased with an emergency subsidy to make it equal to the amount that will be granted under the SAP scheme. <https://www.msn.com/en-ph/news/national/iatf-emergency-subsidy-for-4ps-beneficiaries-released-amid-covid-19-threat/ar-BB12cDIM>

--



VUP previously covered 310,000 families.



Pre-condition of payment is to enrol in NIC

--

--

--



--

The total transfer will double from US\$ 15 per month pre-COVID-19 to US\$ 30 per month for 9 months during COVID-19.

This will increase the total monthly child grant amount from Rs. 300 to Rs. 500.

Poor receive or near-poor households receive VND 250,000 per month; social protection beneficiaries or devotees receive VND 500,000 per month; contracted workers who have lost jobs but are not eligible for UI benefits receive VND 1.8 million per month; and un-contracted workers who have lost jobs from selected fields of work and have an income below poverty line receive VND 1 million; or households with monthly taxable revenue below VND 100 million per month that temporarily suspended business receive VND 1 million per household. All transfers are made at the individual level apart from the transfer to households who have suspended business.

Coverage increased to 16.9 million families. Coverage estimated assuming one family per household, but actual coverage may be lower if there are multiple families in a household.

Coverage of low- &

Country
Angola
Lao PDR
Ukraine
Zimbabwe
Liberia
Rwanda
Mali
Kosovo
Tajikistan
Côte d'Ivoire
Ethiopia
Samoa
Mauritania
Madagascar
Bhutan
Maldives
Uzbekistan
Congo
Lesotho
Egypt
North Macedonia
Kenya
Somalia
Jordan
Guineau
DRC
Iran
Sierra Leone
Algeria
Armenia
Cambodia
Honduras
Ecuador
South Sudan
Cabo Verde
Bangladesh
India
Botswana
Comoros
Turkey
Azerbaijan

Costa Rica
The Gambia
Suriname
Mongolia
Iraq
Tunisia
Paraguay
Myanmar
South Africa
Chile
Vietnam
Indonesia
Argentina
Colombia
Morocco
Pakistan
Haiti
Guatemala
Belize
Thailand
Sri Lanka
Georgia
Serbia
El Salvador
Malaysia
Timor Leste
Kazakhstan
Namibia
Philippines
Bolivia

and middle-income countries' COVID-19 social prc

% of population covered by emergency transfers	
	0.00%
	0.24%
	0.93%
	1.14%
	1.75%
	1.91%
	2.21%
	3.22%
	3.30%
	3.51%
	4.12%
	4.40%
	5.07%
	6.00%
	6.65%
	7.08%
	7.84%
	7.96%
	8.09%
	8.44%
	8.81%
	10.00%
	10.52%
	11.40%
	11.80%
	12.21%
	12.67%
	14.22%
	14.90%
	15.96%
	17.00%
	20.10%
	21.11%
	22.86%
	22.91%
	23.07%
	23.56%
	23.77%
	24.00%
	26.50%
	27.54%

28.56%
28.96%
29.00%
29.52%
30.18%
30.32%
32.66%
33.35%
36.08%
37.89%
38.18%
39.92%
40.84%
43.19%
46.85%
47.47%
57.08%
57.83%
58.68%
60.78%
61.18%
66.71%
72.46%
77.41%
84.00%
87.20%
90.00%
94.08%
95.00%
95.54%

Protection responses

Duration of the schemes' support

Country	One-time	2 months
Albania	2	
Algeria	1	
Angola		
Argentina	4	
Armenia	4	
Azerbaijan	1	
Bangladesh	2	
Belize		
Bhutan		
Bolivia	1	
Bosnia and Herzegovina		
Botswana		
Burkina Faso		
Cabo Verde	1	
Cambodia		1
Chile		
China	1	
Colombia		
Costa Rica	1	
Congo	1	
Dominica		
DRC		
Ecuador	1	
Egypt	1	
El Salvador	1	
Eritrea		
Ethiopia		
The Gambia		1
Georgia	1	
Guatemala		
Haiti	1	
India	2	
Indonesia		
Iran	1	
Iraq		
Jamaica	3	
Jordan		
Kazakhstan		
Kenya	1	
Kosovo		

Lebanon		
Lesotho		
Liberia		1
Madagascar	1	
Malaysia	4	
Maldives		
Mautitania		
Moldova		
Mongolia		
Montenegro	2	
Myanmar	2	
Namibia	1	
Niger	1	
Pakistan	1	
Paraguay	1	
Peru	5	
Philippines		1
Rwanda		
Saint Lucia		
Samoa	1	
Serbia	1	
Sierra Leone	1	
Somalia		
South Africa		
South Sudan		
Sri Lanka		7
St Vincent and the Grenadines		
Tajikistan	1	
Tonga	1	
Thailand		
The Gambia		
Timor Leste		
Trinidad and Tobago		
Tunisia	4	
Turkey	1	
Ukraine	1	1
Uzbekistan		
Vietnam		
Zimbabwe		
Total	60	12
As percentages	41%	8%

3 months	4 months	5 months	6 months	7 months	9 months
1					
1					
1					
1					
	1				
1					
				1	
				6	
1					
2					
				1	
				3	
1					
2					
3					
1					
				2	
1					
1					

2					
1					
1					
1					
		1	1		
	1				
1					
					1
			4		
1					
				1	
1					
5			1		
1					
2					
					1

34	2	1	20	1	1
23%	1%	1%	14%	2%	1%

Transfer value as a % of GDP per ca

Country	Scheme	Monthly amount provided
Indonesia	Pre employment card	
Zimbabwe	Emergency cash transfer	41
Colombia	VAT Refund to the Poor	10
Paraguay	Ñangareko food security program	15
Tunisia	Additional informal sector worker household payment	10
Colombia	<i>Familias en Acción</i>	18
Sri Lanka	Samurdhi Allowance	33
Namibia	Emergency Income Grant	17
Uzbekistan	Family Allowance	7 - 16
Colombia	Solidarity income	20
Indonesia	Program Keluarga Harapan (PKH)	18
Ecuador	Family Protection Bonus	19

Pakistan	Ehsaas Emergency Cash Programme	21
Sri Lanka	Pre-school teacher payments	33
Sri Lanka	Self- employed workers payments	33
Bangladesh	Primary Education Development Program 4	0.76 - 1.50
Uzbekistan	Childcare Allowance	23
Turkey	Social Support Grant Program	92
Armenia	Family Benefit Program (vertical)	7 - 14
Myanmar	Maternal and Child Cash Transfer Programme	17
Iraq	Minha programme	1300.0%
Argentina	Universal Child Allowance / Universal Pregnancy Allowance	21
Argentina	Extraordinary bonus	21
Argentina	Social Pension	21
Brazil	<i>Bolsa Familia</i>	19 - 94 per household

Argentina	Emergency Family Income	70
Costa Rica	Emergency one-time benefit	52
Tunisia	Elderly household payment	43
Tunisia	Foster child household payment	43
Tunisia	Informal sector worker household payment	43
Azerbaijan	Unemployment payment	7500.0%
South Africa	COVID-19 Social Relief of Distress Grant	5500.0%
Bolivia	Bono Familia	2700.0%
Myanmar	Household transfer	
India	National Social Assistance Programme (NSAP)	9
Cabo Verde	Support for entrepreneurs and the self-employed	3700.0%
Montenegro	Unemployment transfer	21

Montenegro	Social assistance (pension and child allowance transfers)	21
Indonesia	BST	70
Indonesia	BLT Dana Desa	70
India	Pradhan Mantri Kisan Samman Nidhi (PMKSN)	5400.0%
Bangladesh	Direct transfer to working households	12.70
Pakistan	Ehsaas Emergency Cash Programme	62
Egypt	Payment to informal workers	6500.0%
Indonesia	Program Keluarga Harapan (PKH)	73
Congo, Republic	Family payment	40
Tonga	Elderly Benefit and Disability Benefit	10
Trinidad and Tobago	Public Assistance Grant	22 - 74
Colombia	Bogotá Solidaria en Case	22 - 52
Kenya	Inua Jamii	2500.0%

India	Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana (PMJDY)	14
Tajikistan	Targeted Social Assistance	36
Sri Lanka	Senior Citizen's Allowance	20 - 33
Kazakhstan	State aid grants	17500.0%
The Gambia	NAFA Quick Cash Transfer	36
Ukraine	Cash assistance	170
Fiji	Government relief payment (informal workers)	22.2
Fiji	Government relief (informal worker COVID diagnosis)	14840.0%
Colombia	Colombia Mayor	30
Cambodia	Garment, tourism and aviation worker payment	3800.0%
Madagascar		17
Sri Lanka	Farmers' and Fishermen's pension schemes	33

Sri Lanka	Disability and Chronic Illness Allowances	33
Malaysia	Means-tested payment to households and single individuals	59 - 94 for single individuals or 28 - 189
Maldives	Income Support Allowance	Up to 243
Armenia	Payment to families with children 0-18 years	22
Bangladesh	Primary Education Development Program 4	5
Trinidad and Tobago	Income Support Grant	443 per household
Trinidad and Tobago	Salary Relief Grant	44300.0%
Vietnam	Households on the poor list	16 - 114
Armenia	Payment to unemployed pregnant women	8400.0%
Armenia	Payment to families with children under 14 years	84 per child
Georgia	Family payment	101

Georgia	Targeted Social Assistance (TSA)	101
South Africa	Old Age Grant	3900.0%
South Africa	Disability Grant	3900.0%
Colombia	Jóvenes en Acción	4400.0%
Phillipines	Social Amelioration Program	91 - 146
Chile	Ingreso Familiar de Emergencia	229 - 352
Georgia	Child benefit	
Tunisia	Payment to families in Siliana	13100.0%
Bolivia	Bono Canastar Familiar	2200.0%
Serbia		4700.0%
South Africa	Child Support Grant	26
Kosovo	Monthly assistance	20200.0%
Myanmar	Social pension programme	1700.0%
Botswana	Covid-19 Wage Support Scheme	110 - 276
Guatemala	Bono Familia	12100.0%
Bangladesh	Old Age Allowance	1525.0%

Bangladesh	Allowance for Widowed, Deserted and Destitute Women	1525.0%
Saint Lucia	Income Support Programme for non-NIC contributors	12100.0%
El Salvador	Informal workers subsidy	10400.0%
Albania	Financial support to employees who have not received assistance	63 - 157
Albania	Financial support to employees of closed businesses	15700.0%
Bolivia	Bono Universal	2700.0%
Algeria	Solidarity allowance for Ramadan	5600.0%
Armenia	Family Benefit Program	13600.0%
Iran	Emergency transfer to low income families with no permanent jobs	6400.0%

Costa Rica	Monthly family subsidy	25100.0%
Dominica	Unemployment Grant	667 - 1,000
Dominica	Self-employment grant	667 - 1,000
Rwanda	VUP	25 - 69
Timor Leste	Cash Transfer Scheme for Low-Income Households	11600.0%
Thailand	Emergency cash transfer	40900.0%
Bangladesh	Allowance for the Financially Insolvent Disabled	2136.0%
Georgia	Unemployment Benefit	
Trinidad and Tobago	Disability Assistance Waiting List Payment	29500.0%
Sierra Leone	Ep Fet Po cash transfer program	5000.0%
Bhutan	Druk Gyalpo's Relief Kidu	149 - 213 + 17 per child
Angola	Luanda Emergência COVID-19	3200.0%
South Africa	National Disaster Benefit	

Cambodia	COVID-19 Cash Transfer Programme for ID-Poor Households	38 - 189
Algeria	Small trader transfer	
Sierra Leone	Urban poor emergency cash transfer	6700.0%
Azerbaijan	Targeted state social assistance	51900.0%
Haiti	Household transfer	1400.0%
Mongolia	Child Money Programme	8900.0%
Trinidad and Tobago	Pension Assistance Waiting List Payment	44300.0%
Trinidad and Tobago	Rental Assistance	73800.0%
Ukraine	Child Benefit	61 - 75
Liberia	Emergency Cash Transfer	199800.0%
Georgia	Disability transfer	10100.0%
Mongolia	Social pension	10600.0%
Sri Lanka	Unemployed graduate payments	13200.0%
Kenya	Senior Citizen's Grant	3800.0%
Samoa	Senior Citizens Benefit	6700.0%

Jordan	National Aid Fund (NAF)	140 - 932
---------------	----------------------------	-----------

pita (2019 GDP)

Min value of new transfer or top-up over a period of 6 months as % of 2019 GDP per capita	Max value of	Average trans:	Type of scheme (p	Poverty-targeted
0.0%		0.04%	employment	
0.09%		0.09%	Poverty-targeted	0.1%
0.19%		0.19%	Poverty-targeted	0.2%
0.27%		0.27%	Poverty-targeted	0.3%
0.27%		0.27%	Poverty-targeted	0.3%
0.33%		0.33%	Poverty-targeted	0.3%
0.33%		0.33%	Poverty-targeted	0.3%
0.35%		0.35%	Employment	
0.25%	0.50%	0.38%	Poverty-targeted	0.4%
0.39%		0.39%	Poverty-targeted	0.4%
0.39%		0.39%	Poverty-targeted	0.4%
0.51%		0.51%	Poverty-targeted	0.5%

0.51%		0.51%	Poverty-targeted	0.5%
0.51%		0.51%	Universal	
0.51%		0.51%	Employment	
0.18%	0.94%	0.56%	Universal	
0.63%		0.63%	Poverty-targeted	0.6%
0.75%		0.75%	Poverty-targeted	0.8%
0.53%	1.06%	0.80%	Poverty-targeted	0.8%
0.83%		0.83%	Universal	
0.8%		0.84%	Poverty-targeted	0.8%
0.85%		0.85%	Universal	
0.85%		0.85%	poverty-targeted	0.9%
0.85%		0.85%	poverty-targeted	0.9%
0.29%	1.45%	0.87%	Poverty-targeted	0.9%

0.95%		0.95%	Employment	
0.97%		0.97%	Poverty-targeted	1.0%
1.00%		1.00%	Universal	
1.00%		1.00%	Universal	
1.00%		1.00%	Poverty-targeted	1.0%
1.1%		1.08%	Employment	
1.1%		1.11%	Employment	
1.1%		1.11%	Universal	
1.17%		1.17%	Poverty-targeted	1.17%
1.20%		1.20%	Poverty-targeted	1.2%
1.4%		1.35%	Employment	
1.39%		1.39%	Employment	

1.39%		1.39%	Poverty-targeted	1.4%
1.48%		1.48%	Poverty-targeted	1.5%
1.48%		1.48%	Poverty-targeted	1.5%
1.5%		1.50%	Poverty-targeted	1.5%
1.52%		1.52%	Poverty-targeted	1.5%
1.53%		1.53%	Poverty-targeted	1.5%
1.5%		1.54%	Employment	
1.56%		1.56%	Poverty-targeted	1.6%
1.65%		1.65%	Poverty-targeted	1.7%
1.73%		1.73%	Universal	
0.81%	2.71%	1.76%	Poverty-targeted	1.8%
1.05%	2.51%	1.78%	Poverty-targeted	1.8%
1.8%		1.78%	Poverty-targeted	1.8%

		1.80%	Poverty-targeted	1.8%
		1.82%	Poverty-targeted	1.8%
	2.13%	1.52%	Poverty-targeted	1.8%
		1.83%	Poverty-targeted	1.8%
		1.8%	Poverty-targeted	1.8%
		1.94%	Poverty-targeted	1.9%
		1.95%	Poverty-targeted	2%
		2.07%	Employment	
		2.07%	Employment	
		2.1%	Employment	
		2.09%	Poverty-targeted	2.1%
		2.09%	Employment	
		2.11%	Poverty-targeted	2.1%
		2.13%	Employment	

2.13%		2.13%	Poverty-targeted	2.1%
0.99%	3.43%	2.21%	Poverty-targeted	2.2%
2.2%		2.21%	Employment	
2.39%		2.39%	Poverty-targeted	2.4%
2.40%		2.40%	Universal	
2.44%		2.44%	Poverty-targeted	2.4%
2.5%		2.45%	Employment	
0.62%	4.47%	2.55%	Poverty-targeted	2.6%
2.6%		2.57%	Employment	
2.6%		2.57%	Poverty-targeted	2.6%
2.71%		2.71%	Poverty-targeted	2.7%

2.71%		2.71%	Poverty-targeted	2.7%
2.8%		2.81%	Affluence-tested	
2.8%		2.81%	Affluence-tested	
2.9%		2.89%	Poverty-targeted	2.9%
3.0%		2.97%	Poverty-targeted	3.0%
2.4%	3.68%	3.04%	Poverty-targeted	3.0%
3.1%		3.08%	Universal	
3.1%		3.10%	Poverty-targeted	3.1%
3.1%		3.11%	Poverty-targeted	3.1%
3.2%		3.20%	Universal	
3.34%		3.34%	Affluence-tested	
3.4%		3.35%	Employment	
3.5%		3.48%	Universal	
2.0%	4.99%	3.49%	Employment	
3.5%		3.52%	Poverty-targeted	3.5%
3.6%		3.60%	Poverty-targeted	3.6%

	3.6%		3.60% Poverty-targeted	3.6%
	3.6%		3.60% Employment	
	3.7%		3.65% Poverty-targeted	3.7%
	3.8%		3.80% Employment	
	3.8%		3.80% employment	
	3.9%		3.89% Universal	
	4.0%		3.97% Poverty-targeted	4.0%
	4.1%		4.09% Poverty-targeted	4.1%
	4.2%		4.17% Poverty-targeted	4.2%

4.7%		4.71%	Poverty-targeted	4.7%
3.9%	5.89%	4.91%	Employment	
3.9%	5.89%	4.91%	Employment	
2.6%	7.31%	4.96%	Poverty-targeted	5.0%
5.0%		5.00%	Poverty-targeted	5.0%
5.0%		5.00%	Employment	
5.1%		5.10%	Poverty-targeted	5.1%
5.34%		5.34%	Employment	
5.4%		5.35%	Poverty-targeted	5.4%
5.6%		5.58%	Poverty-targeted	5.6%
4.49%	6.92%	5.71%	Employment	
5.7%		5.74%	Universal	
		6.15%	Employment	

	2.1%	10.78%	6.44%	Poverty-targeted
	6.9%		6.93%	employment
	7.4%		7.44%	Poverty-targeted
	7.5%		7.45%	Poverty-targeted
	7.7%		7.65%	Poverty-targeted
	7.7%		7.72%	Universal
	8.1%		8.07%	Poverty-targeted
	8.2%		8.15%	Poverty-targeted
	7.4%	9.13%	8.24%	Universal
	8.5%		8.52%	Poverty-targeted
	9.0%		8.95%	Universal
	9.2%		9.21%	Poverty-targeted
	10.6%		10.64%	Employment
	12.0%		12.01%	Universal
	13.3%		13.33%	Universal

	3.7%	24.62%	14.15%	Poverty-targeted	14.2%
--	------	--------	--------	------------------	-------

Universal	Affluence-test	Employment
		0.04%
		0.35%

No. of schemes
Percentage of total

0.5%		
		0.51%
0.6%		
0.8%		
0.9%		

		0.95%
1.0%		
1.0%		
		1.08%
		1.11%
1.1%		
		1.35%
		1.39%

		1.54%
1.7%		

		2.07%
		2.07%
		2.09%
		2.13%

		2.21%
2.4%		
		2.45%
		2.57%

	2.8%	
	2.8%	
3.1%		
3.2%		
	3.3%	
		3.35%
3.5%		
		3.49%

		3.60%
		3.80%
		3.80%
3.9%		

		4.91%
		4.91%
		5.00%
		5.34%
		5.71%
5.7%		
		6.15%

		6.93%
7.7%		
8.2%		
9.0%		
		10.64%
12.0%		
13.3%		

--	--	--

Proportion of schemes offering transfer values (as a

Under 3.0%	3.1 - 6.0%	6.1 - 9.0%	9.1 - 12.0%	12.1-15.0%	15.1%+
83	32	12	2	3	0
63%	24%	9%	2%	2%	0%

% of GDP per capita) at different thresholds

Total	
	132

Level of investment in social protection

Country	Min investment in emergency social protection (% of 2019 GDP)	Max investment in emergency social protection (% of 2019 GDP)
Angola	0.00%	
Lebanon	0.01%	
Zimbabwe	0.01%	
Paraguay	0.02%	
Bosnia and Herzegovina	0.03%	
Eritrea	0.03%	
Tajikistan	0.03%	
Uzbekistan	0.03%	0.04%
Algeria	0.05%	
Ecuador	0.05%	
Kosovo	0.05%	
Ethiopia	0.05%	0.08%
Rwanda	0.05%	0.14%
Burkina Faso	0.07%	
Bhutan	0.08%	
Republic of Congo	0.08%	
Egypt	0.08%	
Madagascar	0.08%	
DRC	0.10%	
Turkey	0.10%	
Tunisia	0.12%	
Iraq	0.13%	
Azerbaijan	0.14%	
Cabo Verde	0.15%	
Kenya	0.16%	
Jordan	0.16%	1.29%
Myanmar	0.19%	
Argentina	0.21%	
Sri Lanka	0.21%	0.23%
Namibia	0.22%	
Bangladesh	0.22%	0.31%
The Gambia	0.27%	
Liberia	0.27%	
Ukraine	0.28%	
Indonesia	0.29%	

Samoa	0.29%	
Cambodia	0.30%	
India	0.30%	
Iran	0.30%	
Saint Lucia	0.30%	
Sierra Leone	0.32%	
Armenia	0.45%	
Chile	0.45%	0.70%
Botswana	0.46%	
Haiti	0.46%	
Vietnam	0.50%	
Pakistan	0.53%	
Costa Rica	0.62%	
Malaysia	0.68%	
South Africa	0.72%	
Thailand	0.76%	
Albania	0.82%	
Kazakhstan	0.84%	
Colombia	0.91%	
Guatemala	0.96%	
South Sudan	1.09%	
Mongolia	1.12%	
Serbia	1.15%	
Bolivia	1.20%	
Philippines	1.38%	
Georgia	1.45%	
El Salvador	1.67%	
Timor Leste	2.19%	

Somalia 1.30%
Peru 1.05%

emergency response in

Average investment in emergency social protection (% of 2019 GDP)
0.00%
0.01%
0.01%
0.02%
0.03%
0.03%
0.03%
0.04%
0.05%
0.05%
0.05%
0.07%
0.10%
0.07%
0.08%
0.08%
0.08%
0.08%
0.10%
0.10%
0.12%
0.13%
0.14%
0.15%
0.16%
0.73%
0.19%
0.21%
0.22%
0.22%
0.27%
0.27%
0.27%
0.28%
0.29%

0.29%
0.30%
0.30%
0.30%
0.30%
0.32%
0.45%
0.58%
0.46%
0.46%
0.50%
0.53%
0.62%
0.68%
0.72%
0.76%
0.82%
0.84%
0.91%
0.96%
1.09%
1.12%
1.15%
1.20%
1.38%
1.45%
1.67%
2.19%

1.05%

low- and middle-income countries as a % of 2019

	Under 0.5%	0.5 - 0.9%
Countries according to level of investment	41	13
As % of all the countries included	64%	20%

GDP

1 - 1.9%	2%+
8	2
13%	3%

Investment by financing method

Country	Minimum transfer as % of GDP per capita	Maximum transfer as % of GDP per capita	Average min/ max
Angola	0%		0.0%
Bosnia and Herzegovina	0.0%		0.0%
Tajikistan	0.0%		0.0%
Uzbekistan	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Algeria	0.1%		0.1%
Ecuador	0.1%		0.1%
Kosovo	0.1%		0.1%
Ethiopia	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%
Congo, Republic	0.1%		0.1%
Egypt	0.1%		0.1%
Madagascar	0.1%		0.1%
Bhutan	0.1%		0.1%
Rwanda	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%
Turkey	0.1%		0.1%
Tunisia	0.1%		0.1%
Azerbaijan	0.1%		0.1%

Cabo Verde	0.2%		0.2%
Kenya	0.2%		0.2%
Myanmar	0.2%		0.2%
Argentina	0.2%		0.2%
Sri Lanka	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%
Maldives	0.2%		0.2%
Bangladesh	0.2%	0.3%	0.3%
The Gambia	0.3%		0.3%
Liberia	0.3%		0.3%
Ukraine	0.3%		0.3%
Indonesia	0.3%		0.3%
Samoa	0.3%		0.3%

Cambodia	0.3%		0.3%
India	0.3%		0.3%
Iran	0.3%		0.3%
Saint Lucia	0.3%		0.3%
Sierra Leone	0.3%		0.3%
Armenia	0.5%		0.5%
Botswana	0.5%		0.5%
Haiti	0.5%		0.5%
Vietnam	0.5%		0.5%
Pakistan	0.5%		0.5%
Chile	0.5%	0.7%	0.6%
Costa Rica	0.6%		0.6%
Malaysia	0.7%		0.7%
South Africa	0.7%		0.7%
Thailand	0.8%		0.8%
Albania	0.8%		0.8%

Kazakhstan	0.8%		0.8%
Colombia	0.9%		0.9%
Guatemala	1.0%		1.0%
Jordan	0.2%	1.8%	1.0%
Georgia	1.1%		1.1%
South Sudan	1.1%		1.1%
Mongolia	1.1%		1.1%
Serbia	1.1%		1.1%
Phillipines	1.2%		1.2%
Iraq	1.2%		1.2%
El Salvador	1.3%		1.3%
Lesotho	1.7%		1.7%

Timor Leste	2.0%		2.0%
Bolivia	2.2%		2.2%
	2.6%		2.6%
	2.7%		2.7%

Domestic revenue	Bi- or multi-lateral ODA	Tied IFI financing	Domestic revenues but country receiving budget support lower than social protection
	0.0%		
		0.0%	
0.1%			
	0.1%		
	0.1%		
	0.1%		
0.1%			
0.1%			

		0.2%	
0.2%			
0.2%			
			0.2%
			0.3%
			0.3%

	0.3%		
0.3%			
		0.3%	
0.5%			
0.5%			
0.7%			
0.8%			

			0.8%
			1.0%
		1.0%	
			1.1%
		1.1%	
1.2%			
1.3%			
			1.7%

			2.0%
2.2%			
	2.6%		2.7%

Domestic revenues but country receiving budget support higher than social protection	Domestic revenues with tied financing for specific schemes
0.0%	
0.0%	
0.1%	
0.1%	
0.1%	
0.1%	
0.1%	

0%	
0.2%	
0.3%	
0.3%	
0.3%	
	0.3%

	0.3%
0.3%	
0.5%	
0.5%	
0.5%	
0.6%	
0.6%	
0.7%	
0.8%	

0.9%	
1.1%	
1.1%	
	1.2%

Source
https://www.imf.org/en/News/Articles/2020/04/20/pr20176-bosnia-and-herzegovina-imf-executive-board-approves-usd361-million-in-emergency-support
The Tajikistan Emergency COVID-19 Project is financed through a grant of US\$11.3 million from the World Bank's International Development Association.
The World Bank have provided Financial Support to Individuals and Households (US\$ 59.5 million): http://documents1.worldbank.org/curated/en/755051586970951605/pdf/Project-Information-Documents-Uzbekistan-Emergency-COVID-19-Response-Project-P173827.pdf
https://www.chathamhouse.org/expert/comment/algeria-s-perfect-storm
https://www.imf.org/en/News/Articles/2020/05/01/pr-20203-ecuador-imf-executive-board-approves-us-643-million-in-emergency-assistance
Receiving RFI fom IMF.
US\$ 411 million from IMF RFI and US\$ 12 million in debt relief from IMF.
https://www.imf.org/en/Topics/imf-and-covid19/Policy-Responses-to-COVID-19
https://www.imf.org/en/News/Articles/2020/05/11/pr20215-egypt-imf-executive-board-approves-us-2-772b-in-emergency-support-to-address-the-covid19
Financed by the European Union. UNICEF is coordinating distribution.
https://furtherafrica.com/2020/06/09/rwanda-receives-e52-8m-grant-to-support-social-protection/
Receiving general RFI from IMF of US\$ 745 million. Very small payment to families in Siliana programme financed by WFP

Percentage of GDP per capita

<https://www.imf.org/en/News/Articles/2020/04/22/pr20184-cabo-verde-imf-exec-board-approves-us-32m-disbursement-to-address-the-covid19-pandemic>

The funding is provided by LIFT's donors United Kingdom, the European Union, Switzerland, Australia, the United States of America, Canada and Ireland.

Funded by the World Bank. The assistance comprises a USD 6.4 million grant and a USD 6.4 million credit from the International Development Association (IDA), the World Bank's concessional credit window for developing countries. <https://www.worldbank.org/en/news/press-release/2020/06/09/world-bank-approves-128-million-to-support-workers-in-maldives>

Bangladesh has received general RFI from IMF.

The Gambia is receiving US\$ 21.3 million RFI, US\$47.1 through ECF from the IMF as well as US\$ 2.87 million in debt relief from the IMF. <https://www.imf.org/en/Topics/imf-and-covid19/COVID-Lending-Tracker#ftn>

The World Bank have provided US\$ 8.8 million in additional financing to the 'Liberia Social Safety Nets Project' to assist the expansion of the SCT for the COVID-19 context.

\$150 million in Additional Financing for the Social Safety Nets Modernization Project, to enhance and improve social assistance for low-income families in Ukraine from World Bank. Also has a SBA with IMF, the approval of which will disburse around US\$2.1 billion immediately and US\$3.9 billion phased over 4 reviews. <https://www.worldbank.org/en/news/press-release/2020/04/30/world-bank-steps-up-support-to-ukraine-to-help-protect-poorest-most-vulnerable>

US\$ 400 million loan from World Bank specifically to finance expansion of PKH but domestically financed the other schemes: <https://projects.worldbank.org/en/projects-operations/project-detail/P172381>

The Asian Development Bank has provided a US\$ 20 million grant to Samoa, in part to provide this additional payment to pension recipients. The ADB has also provided two other grants to Samoa to aid their COVID-19 response, one grant of US\$ 2.9 million and a recent grant of US\$ 1.5 million. <https://www.adb.org/news/adb-provides-20-million-grant-help-samoa-respond-covid-19>

COVID-19 cash transfer is Supported by UNICEF, European Union (EU), Swedish International Development Cooperation Agency (SIDA) and United Nation Development Fund, Deutsche Gesellschaft für Internationale Zusammenarbeit (GIZ), Save the Children, and other partners,

Mainly domestically financed but also World Bank loan relating to social protection measures worth \$750 million was signed on 15th May, 2020 as budgetary support to Government of India for 'Accelerating India's Covid-19 Social Protection Response Programme' to support relief measures to beneficiaries under Pradhan Mantri Garib Kalyan Package (PMGKP).

Receives from IMF general Rapid Credit Facility of **US\$ 29.2 million**

Funded by the World Bank.

Augmntation of SBA from IMF of value of US\$ 175 million:
<https://www.imf.org/en/News/Articles/2020/05/18/pr20219-armenia-imf-execboard-concludes-2ndrev-under-sba-augments-access-address-impact-covid19>

The Government is setting up a COVID-19 Pandemic Relief Fund into which it will inject P2 billion. The private sector is called upon to generously contribute to the Fund. KPMG (2020):

<https://home.kpmg/xx/en/home/insights/2020/04/botswana-government-and-institution-measures-in-response-to-covid.html>

<https://www.imf.org/en/News/Articles/2020/04/17/pr20171-haiti-imf-executive-board-approves-us-111-6m-disbursement-address-covid19-pandemic>

receiving RFI from IMF of US\$ 1,386 million

On May 29, the IMF approved a two-year Flexible Credit Line (FCL) Arrangement for Chile in an amount equivalent to SDR 17.443 billion (about US\$ 23.93 billion). On June 24, the Central Bank of Chile announced that it obtained access to the Temporary Foreign and International Monetary Authorities (FIMA) Repo Facility.

<https://www.imf.org/en/News/Articles/2020/05/29/pr20227-imf-executive-board-approves-two-year-flexible-credit-line-arrangement>

RFI from IMF of US\$ 4.3 billion:

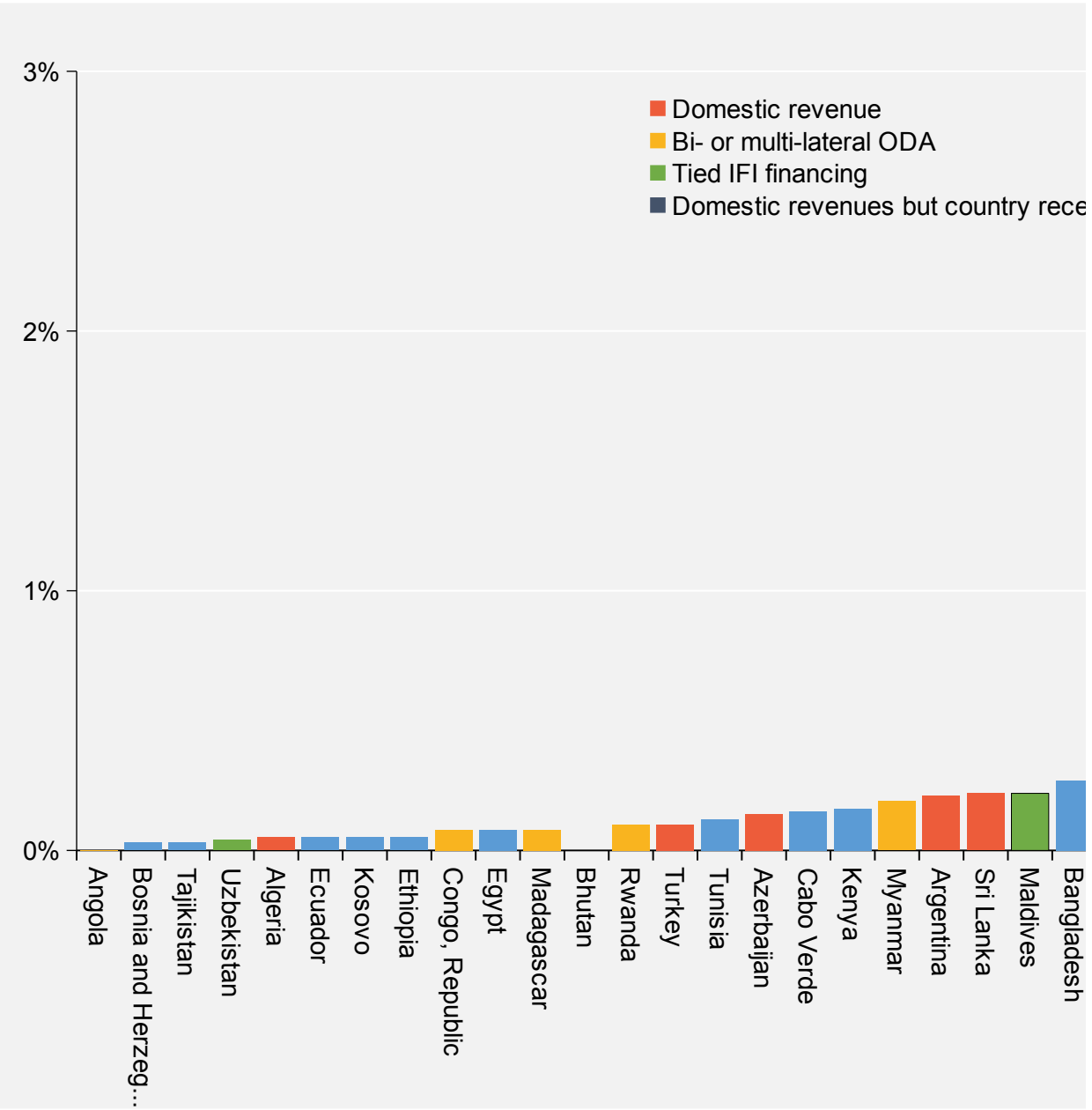
<https://www.imf.org/en/News/Articles/2020/07/27/pr20271-south-africa-imf-executive-board-approves-us-billion-emergency-support-covid-19-pandemic>

Receiving RFI fom IMF.

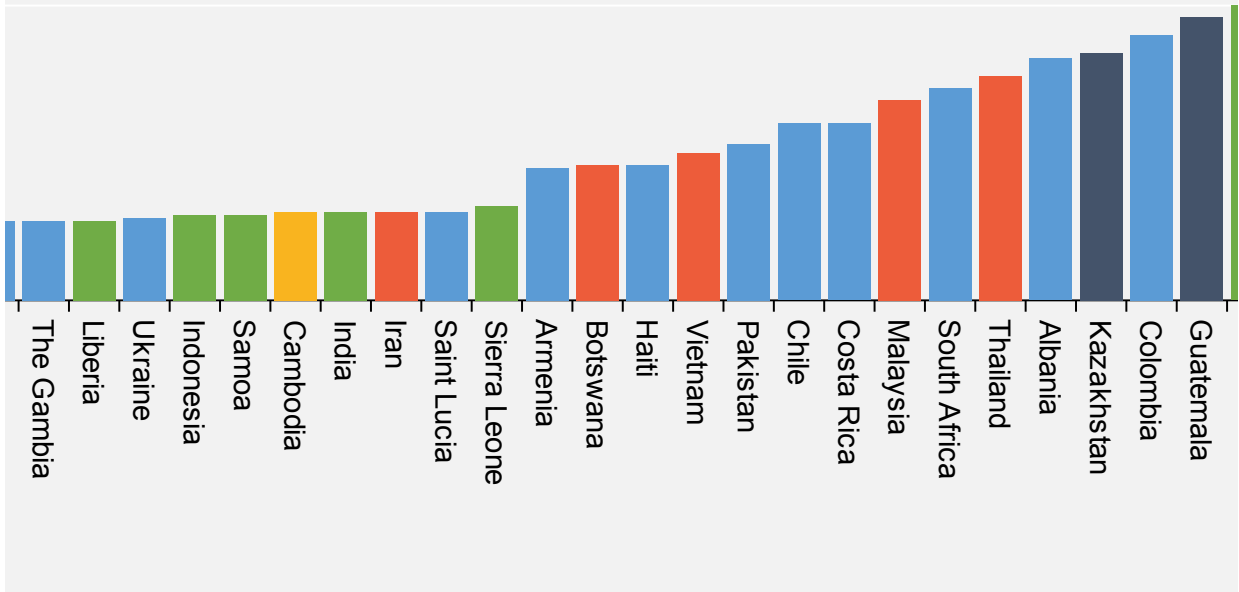
In June, the Asian Development Bank approved a \$1 billion assistance package to Kazakhstan to contain the negative impact of the pandemic.
https://www.imf.org/en/News/Articles/2020/05/01/pr20201-colombia-imf-executive-board-approves-new-two-year-flexible-credit-line-arrangement
RFI of US\$594 million but does not cover https://www.imf.org/en/News/Articles/2020/06/10/pr20241-guatemala-imf-executive-board-approves-us-594-million-in-emergency-assistance
Co-financed by the World Bank and DfID. The World Bank have provided a US\$ 374 million loan. https://projects.worldbank.org/en/projects-operations/project-detail/P173974
US\$ 375.60 million from Augmentation of Extended Fund Facility from IMF
The World Bank is providing a \$40 million International Development Association (IDA) grant
“Upon a quick review of our financial situation, we discovered that more than P200 billion can be made available quickly to fund this emergency subsidy. We have more than P100 billion-worth of cash and cash equivalents in various GOCC accounts, and another P100 billion more in various national government accounts outside the Treasury Single Account (TSA),” the Finance Secretary said. “So far, the Philippine government has received a grant of US\$3 million from the Asian Development Bank (ADB) and a loan facility of US\$100 million from the World Bank (WB). https://www.dof.gov.ph/dof-says-covid-19-emergency-subsidy-largest-social-protection-program-in-phl-history/
Receiving RFI from IMF of US\$389 million, but overall cost of https://www.imf.org/en/News/Articles/2020/04/14/pr20155-el-salvador-imf-executive-board-approves-a-us-389-million-disbursement-to-address-covid-19
Receiving RCF and RFI credit but less than cost of emergency SP. https://www.imf.org/en/News/Articles/2020/07/29/pr20273-imf-executive-board-approves-emergency-support-to-lesotho-to-address-the-covid-19-pandemic

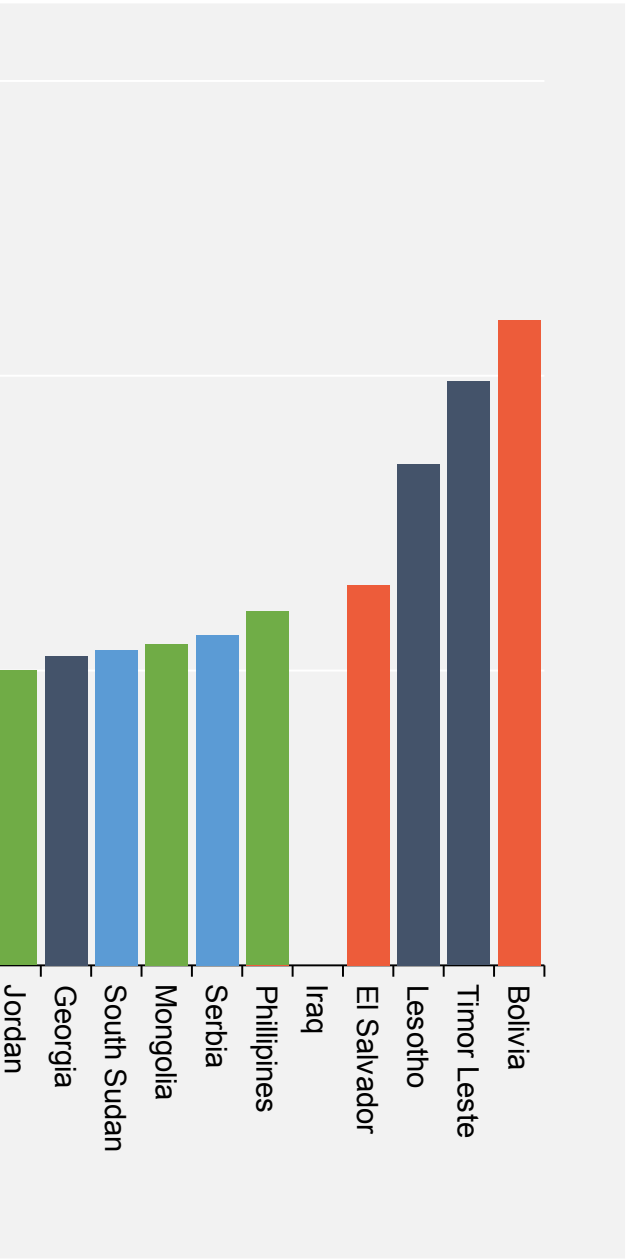
Funded by the Government of the Republic of Timor Leste, with operational support from a UN-funded project. Timor Leste has received funding from the UN's Multi-Partner Trust Fund (MPTF) of USD 999,380 (The Recipient UN Organization is ILO and UN Women), the project allocated USD 748,000 for financial support to the operational costs of the cash-transfer programme.
https://www.ilo.org/jakarta/whatwedo/projects/WCMS_746154/lang--en/index.htm

Receiving RFI from the IMF or US\$ 327 million. The Government have



iving budget support lower than social protection





Employment-related schemes created or impr

Country	Name of scheme	New or expanded?
Egypt	Emergency subsidies to workers in the tourism sector	Workers in the tourism sector
Sri Lanka	Unemployed graduate payments	New programme
Malaysia	Transfer to E-hailing drivers	New programme
Rwanda	VUP	Horizontal expansion of existing programme to additional households
Kosovo	Monthly assistance	New programme
Bhutan	Druk Gyalpo's Relief Kidu	New programme
Maldives	Income Support Allowance	New programme
Egypt	Payment to informal workers	Informal workers
Indonesia	Pre-employment card	Expansion of planned programme
North Macedonia	Care for persons in the informal economy	New programme
Sierra Leone	Urban poor emergency cash transfer	New programme
Indonesia	BLT Dana Desa	New programme

		The Government will subsidise the payment of wages of formal sector employees who may be quarantined or staying at home during the pandemic, with the Government contributing up to 60% of the wage cost.
Timor Leste	Wage subsidy	
Honduras	Self-employed and informal worker payment	New programme
Lao PDR	Emergency Cash Transfer (ECT)	New programme
Colombia	Solidarity income	New programme
Ecuador	Family Protection Bonus	New programme
South Africa	COVID-19 Social Relief of Distress Grant	New programme
Cabo Verde	and the self-employed	New programme
Argentina	Emergency Family Income	New programme
Azerbaijan	Unemployment payment	New programme
Tunisia	Informal sector worker household payments	New programme
Georgia	Unemployment benefit	New programme
Chile	<i>Ingreso Familiar de Emergencia</i>	New programme
Vietnam	Households on the poor list	New programme
Morocco	Informal worker cash transfer	New programme
Belize	Unemployment Relief Program	New programme
Thailand	Emergency cash transfer	New programme

EI Salvador	Informal workers subsidy	New programme
Kazakhstan	State aid grants	New programme
Namibia	Emergency Income Grant	New programme

Provided as a response to COVID-19 (i.e. for those who have been affected)

Duration of support	Eligibility
N/A	Workers in the tourism sector
2 months	Unemployed graduates
One-time payment	E-hailing drivers
12 months	Non-contributors of NIC (taxi drivers, vendors, small business persons, creative industry etc). Those who have been displaced (through loss of employment/income) as a result of COVID-19. For informal workers not currently contributing to NIC, condition of enrolling to NIC is attached to payment.
3 months	Citizens who lose their jobs due to the COVID-19 crisis.
3 months	Emergency scheme for unemployed workers and self-employed who have lost their earnings.
3 months	Workers who have lost their job or income as a result of the pandemic. This includes the self-employed and those in the informal sector.
3 months	Informal workers registered at the database of Ministry of Labour and Manpower Payment
One-time payment	
N/A	Unemployed and informal sector workers
One-time payment	Households of informal workers in urban areas: Freetown, Bo city, Kenema city, Makeni and Port Loko.
3 months	Those who have not registered in the social registry and are not recipients of PKH or the Food Assistance Program but who have experienced job loss of a breadwinner

N/A	Self-employed and informal workers receiving government support during the crisis
N/A	Poor and new poor families and informal workers in affected industries such as tourism and manufacturing, as well as migrant workers.
One-time payment	Informal workers and their families
One-time payment	Informal workers earning less than \$400 per month
6 months	Persons who are unemployed but not yet receiving any social grants from the Unemployment Insurance Fund.
One-time payment	municipal markets
One-time payment	Informal workers, domestic workers, 'monotributistas'
One-time payment	Unemployed citizens
One-time payment	Households working in the informal sector, who are not covered by any social assistance program and who are vulnerable to shocks (households registered in the social security system with low-cost healthcare card).
6 months	People who lost their jobs because of the coronavirus crisis or are on unpaid leave
3 months	Registered in the social registry, low level of formal employment. Households with an older person or a PWD are eligible for the 2nd and 3rd payment.
3 months	Poor or near-poor households; social protections beneficiaries or devotees; contracted workers who have lost jobs but are not eligible for UI benefits; un-contracted workers who have lost jobs from selected fields of work and have an income below poverty line; or households with monthly taxable revenue below VND 100 million per month that temporarily suspended business.
N/A	Informal workers
3 months	The unemployed and persons who directly lost their as a result of the crisis.
6 months	Workers not covered by the Social Security fund

One-time payment	Households of informal economy workers such as house cleaners and street vendors who lack a financial safety net. The government targeted households using electricity usage: any household with monthly consumption of 0-250 kilowatts/ per hour got the transfers.
3 months	Those who have lost income as a result of COVID-19
One-time payment	Citizens between 18-60 years who have lost their job and are not receiving any other social grant.

who have lost income or jobs, or are unemployed gradu

Recipients	Coverage across population
7,500 recipients	0.03%
40,000 recipients	0.18%
120,000	0.38%
56,000 families (additional)	1.91%
10,256 recipients	3.22%
13,005 individuals	6.65%
6,600 recipients	7.08%
1.9 million individuals	7.76%
	8.07%
50,000 households	8.81%
118,000 households	8.93%
7.9 million households	11.39%

30,000 workers	12.23%
500,000 beneficiaries	20.10%
250,000 household beneficiaries	20.14%
3 million households	20.87%
950,000 households	21.11%
4 million	21.84%
30,000 workers	22.91%
3,600,000 families	26.46%
600,000 recipients	27.00%
883,000 households	30.30%
350,000	31.22%
2 million households	37.89%
9.6 million (roughly)	38.18%
3 million informal workers	46.85%
50,000 recipients	52.52%
9 million workers	60.78%

(Assuming that the 'additional payment' went to new households -- see global database



1.5 million households	77.41%
4,750,000	90.00%
560,000	94.08%

rates in both the formal and informal sectors)

Old-age benefits increased or expanded

Country	Programme
India	Social Pension
Colombia	Colombia Mayor (Additional payment)
Myanmar	Social Pension
Bangladesh	Horizontal expansion of Old Age Allowance
Montenegro	Social assistance (pension and child allowance transfers) - This number is just for pension
Mali	non-contributory pensions
Kenya	Senior Citizen's Grant
Mongolia	social pension
Sri Lanka	Senior Citizen's Allowance
Argentina	Social Pension
Samoa	Senior Citizens Benefit
South Africa	Old Age Grant
Bolivia	Bono Canastar Familiar
Suriname	Old Age Provision
Egypt	Takaful and Karama Program (TKP)
Indonesia	Program Keluarga Harapan (PKH)
Lesotho	Old age grant and Child grant
Mauritiana	The families of women, the elderly and people with disabilities, mostly in Nouakchott.
Tonga	Elderly Benefit and Disability Benefit
Trinidad and Tobago	Pension Assistance Waiting List Payment
Tunisia	Elderly household payment
Ukraine	Cash assistance
Vietnam	Social Assistance and Merit (Former Freedom Fighter)

led as a response to COVID-19

Coverage	Population of older persons 60+
850,000	134,869,000
170,000	6,429,000
200,301	5,244,000
500,000	12,622,000
11,900	136,000
75,000	764,000
300,000	2,124,000
32,600	226,000
600,000	3,397,000
1,597,100	6,893,000
8,700	16,000
3,560,000	4,922,000
60,578	61,000
unclear how many recipients are elderly and how many children	
unclear how many recipients are elderly and how many children	
170800 (unclear how many of these are older persons or children)	
unclear how many recipients are elderly and how many children	
N/A	
N/A	
N/A	
N/A	
7.7 million	

This is a household transfer to 75,000 households but calculated assuming that there is 1 older person per household

Only data is for 86.2% of the 65+ population

Schemes specifically for children or families

Country	Programme	Coverage	Average household size
Angola	Luanda Child Benefit	1,200 children	
Brazil	Expansion of <i>Bolsa Familia</i>	1 million households	
Tajikistan	Targeted Social Assistance	50,000 households	
Myanmar	Maternal and Child Cash Transfer Programme	241,425 households	
Ukraine	Child Benefit	414,000 children	
Congo	Family Payment	100,000 households	
Uzbekistan	Childcare Allowance and Family Allowance	506,255	
Paraguay	Tekoporá social protection program	167,000 households	
Georgia	Family payment and TSA	91,000 households	
Indonesia	Program Keluarga Harapan (PKH)	10.8 million families	
Bangladesh	Primary School Stipend	14,000,000 children	
Argentina	Universal Child Allowance	4,300,000 children	
Colombia	Vertical expansion of <i>Familias en Acción</i>	2,600,000 households	

Armenia	Expansion of Family Benefit Program	135,000 families	3.5
Suriname	Vertical expansion of General Child Allowance	90,207 children	
Costa Rica	Monthly family subsidy	375,000 families	
South Africa	Expansion of Child Support Grant	12.5 million children	
Haiti	Household transfer	1.5 million households	
Mongolia	Vertical expansion of CMP	912,000 children	
Georgia	Child Benefit	All children	
Saint Lucia	Foster Child Grant and Child Disability grant		
Bolivia	<i>Bono Familia</i>		
Egypt	Takaful and Karama Program (TKP)		

es with children

Population of children 0-17	Population of children 0-5	Coverage of children (% of 0-17 years)
17,550,600	5,700,000	0.01%
57,524,800.00		1.74%
4,101,600.00		2.44%
18,063,600.00		3%
8,576,000		4.83%
2,677,400.00		7.46%
11,528,600.00		8.78%
2,586,400.00		13%
973,600		18.69%
89,619,400.00		24.10%
56,892,800		24.61%
13,835,600.00		31.08%
14,821,400.00		35.09%

749,200		36%
		46.00%
1,358,200.00		55.22%
		62.88%
4,610,600.00		65.07%
		81.21%
973,600		100%
		0.65%

(Cannot say for sure that these are all children as includes elderly transfers too)

Note: UNICEF informed us that citizens have until December to apply but that 20% more children than they thought existed had already applied.

Methodology

The analysis includes 126 countries named in the latest DAC list of ODA inventory of all low- and middle-income countries based on gross national

Afghanistan	China (People's Republic of)	Guatemala
Albania	Colombia	Guinea
Algeria	Comoros	Guinea-Bissau
Angola	Democratic Republic of Congo	Guyana
Antigua and Barbuda	Congo	Haiti
Argentina	Cook Islands	Honduras
Armenia	Costa Rica	India
Azerbaijan	Côte d'Ivoire	Indonesia
Bangladesh	Cuba	Iran
Belarus	Djibouti	Iraq
Belize	Dominica	Jamaica
Benin	Dominican Republic	Jordan
Bhutan	Ecuador	Kazakhstan
Bolivia	Egypt	Kenya
Bosnia and Herzegovina	El Salvador	Kiribati
Botswana	Equatorial Guinea	Democratic People's Republic of Korea
Brazil	Eritrea	Kosovo
Burkina Faso	Ethiopia	Kyrgyzstan
Burundi	Fiji	Lao People's Democratic Republic
Cabo Verde	Gabon	Lebanon
Cambodia	Gambia	Lesotho
Cameroon	Georgia	Liberia
Central African Republic	Ghana	Libya
Chad	Grenada	Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia

EMERGENCY SOCIAL PROTECTION PROGRAMMES

The primary source of information on the programmes analysed here is a report by Dale, Pamela. 2020. Social Protection and Jobs Responses to COVID-19. Washington, DC: World Bank. <https://openknowledge.worldbank.org/handle/10986/33635>. License: CC BY-NC-ND 4.0

This is complemented by data from the IMF Fiscal Monitor and additional sources.

For the purpose of this analysis, 'emergency social protection' is defined as social protection measures implemented on a permanent basis that are not conditional on the recipient participating in a

As such, the emergency responses examined in this analysis will not include those accompanied by the suspension of work obligations (as in Ethiopia, for example) or transfers that are from contributory insurance schemes.

Furthermore, the emergency responses included in the analysis only include those that do not include reforms taken to give advances on paymen expanded horizontally to include additional recipients, only the coverage expanded vertically to increase the value of a benefit to existing recipient

Methodology

Determining coverage

Since household transfers are intended to benefit all household members:

Calculating transfer values as a percentage of GDP

The value of transfers as a percentage of GDP per capita is calculated by the IMF Economic Outlook Database. The per capita transfer is derived as the transfer is divided by the average household size to estimate the value

Determining adequate transfer values

Oxfam used a percentage of per capita GDP instead of an absolute figure of 15% is based on the benchmark of the median benefit for a tax-financed survey of government schemes across the world carried out for this paper as a good indication of what level benefits need to reach to be adequate.

recipients, excluding Peru and territories and countries that have recently exceeded their lower income (GNI) per capita as published by the World Bank.

	Madagascar	Pakistan
	Malawi	Palau
	Malaysia	Panama
	Maldives	Papua New Guinea
	Mali	Paraguay
	Marshall Islands	Philippines
	Mauritania	Rwanda
	Mauritius	Saint Helena
	Mexico	Samoa
	Micronesia	São Tomé and Príncipe
	Moldova	Senegal
	Mongolia	Serbia
	Montenegro	Sierra Leone
	Montserrat	Solomon Islands
	Morocco	Somalia
's Republic of Korea	Mozambique	South Africa
	Myanmar	South Sudan
	Namibia	Sri Lanka
ocratic Republic	Nauru	Saint Lucia
	Nepal	Saint Vincent and the Grenadines
	Nicaragua	Sudan
	Niger	Suriname
	Nigeria	Swaziland
epublic of Macedonia	Niue	Syrian Arab Republic

PROGRAMMES INCLUDED

an inventory of emergency social protection interventions by the World Bank: *Global Policy Note: A Real-Time Review of Country Measures*. World Bank, Washington, DC. © World Bank. License: CC BY 3.0 IGO.

I verified domestic sources listed here. The inventory includes measures taken by governments

as public non-contributory cash-based transfers given to a household or an individual in exchange for any work.

clude additional investment in public works programmes, except where an expansion (for example). The emergency responses examined in this analysis also do not include

investments that are made strictly in addition to social protection spending that is already budgeted, since this does not represent an additional investment. Where investments are made to pay the additional recipients are included. Where investments are made to pay the additional recipients are included. Where investments are made to pay the additional recipients are included. Where investments are made to pay the additional recipients are included.

Therefore, the coverage achieved by household transfers is calculated by multiplying the

› per capita

by dividing the value of a transfer that would be received per capita by the 2019 GDP per capita, assuming that any transfers received would be divided over a six-month crisis period. This is the value of the transfer received per household member.

to allow for the huge variation across countries, and takes into account a country's GDP per capita. The pension across low- and middle-income countries as calculated by Oxfam per capita. Given that a pension is meant to provide income replacement to allow an individual

exceeded the high-income threshold. This list provides an

Tajikistan
Tanzania
Thailand
Timor-Leste
Togo
Tokelau
Tonga
Tunisia
Turkey
Turkmenistan
Tuvalu
Uganda
Ukraine
Uzbekistan
Vanuatu
Venezuela
Vietnam
Wallis and Futuna
West Bank and Gaza Strip
Yemen
Zambia
Zimbabwe

ntilini, Ugo; Almenfi, Mohamed; Orton, Ian;
World Bank.

etween March and September 2020.

vidual on either a one-off, temporary or

sion of these programmes has been
le programmes that provide in-kind

hat was budgeted pre-crisis. For example,
nent. Where existing schemes have been
e existing schemes have been vertically

number of households reached by the avera

DP per capita recorded for the country in
riod. For household transfers, the value of

try's ability to pay for a benefit. The choice
rtner Development Pathways from their
vidual to live without working, it represents